

# Creating your First Streams Messaging Cluster in CDP Public Cloud

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The Cloudera logo is displayed in a bold, orange, sans-serif font. The word "CLOUDERA" is written in all caps, with a stylized 'E' that has three horizontal bars.

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# Creating your first Streams Messaging cluster

You can create a managed and secured Streams Messaging cluster in a CDP Public Cloud environment by using one of the prescriptive streams messaging cluster definitions and following these steps.

## Meet the prerequisites

Before you start creating your first Streams Messaging Data Hub Cluster, you need to ensure that you have set up the environment properly and have all the necessary accesses to use CDP Public Cloud. Use this checklist to make sure that you meet all the requirements before you start creating your first cluster.

- You have CDP login credentials.
- You have an available CDP environment.
- You have a running Data Lake.
- You have a CDP username and the predefined resource role of this user is EnvironmentAdmin.
- Your CDP user is synchronized to the CDP Public Cloud environment.
- Your CDP user has the correct permissions set up in Ranger allowing access to Kafka, Streams Messaging Manager and Schema Registry.



**Important:** Make sure that the Runtime version of the Data Lake cluster matches the Runtime version of the Data Hub cluster that you are about to create. If these versions do not match, you may encounter warnings and/or errors.

### Related Information

[Getting started as a user](#)

[AWS environments](#)

[Azure environments](#)

[GCP environments](#)

[Data lakes](#)

## Create your cluster

Once you have met the prerequisites, you are ready to create your Streams Messaging cluster in CDP Public Cloud using a default cluster definition. For this, you must select the cluster definition that matches your cloud provider for the environment and further choose from the light and heavy duty options available.

### About this task

Once you have met the prerequisites, you are ready to create your Streams Messaging cluster using a default cluster definition.

### Procedure

1. Log into the CDP web interface.
2. Navigate to Management Console Environments, and select the environment where you would like to create a cluster.

### 3. Click Create Data Hub.

The following page is displayed:

### 4. Select Cluster Definition.

5. Select the appropriate streams messaging cluster definition from the Cluster Definition dropdown depending on your operational objectives.

The options you have are as follows:

- Streams Messaging Heavy Duty for AWS
- Streams Messaging Light Duty for AWS
- Streams Messaging High Availability for AWS
- Streams Messaging Heavy Duty for Azure
- Streams Messaging Light Duty for Azure
- Streams Messaging High Availability for Azure (Technical Preview)
- Streams Messaging Heavy Duty for GCP
- Streams Messaging Light Duty for GCP
- Streams Messaging High Availability for GCP (Technical Preview)

For more information on templates, see [Planning your Streams Messaging deployment](#).

The list of services is automatically shown below the selected cluster definition name.


6. Give the cluster a name and add any tags you might need.

You can define tags that will be applied to your cluster-related resources on your cloud provider account. For more information about tags, see [Tags](#).

7. If using the Streams Messaging High Availability definitions, ensure that you select multiple subnets. Multiple subnets can be selected by navigating to [Advanced Options Network And Availability](#).


## 8. Add SRM or Kafka Connect to Heavy Duty clusters.

SRM and Kafka Connect are not provisioned by default when using the Streams Messaging Heavy Duty definition. If you are using this definition and want to have SRM, Kafka Connect, or both deployed in the cluster, set the Instance Count of the Srm Nodes or Connect Nodes host group to at least one.

- a) Go to Advanced Options Hardware and Storage.
- b) Locate the appropriate host group and click  to edit host group details.
- c) Set the Instance Count to at least 1.



**Important:** If you want to deploy SRM in high availability mode, set the instance count of Srm Nodes to two or higher.

- d) Click  to save your changes.

## 9. Use the Advanced Options section to customize the infrastructure settings.



**Important:** If you customize the hardware and storage properties of the cluster, ensure that Attached Volume per Instances is set to the same value for both the **Broker** and **Core\_brokers** host groups. Alternatively, if you want to provision a cluster where the number of volumes is not identical for the two host groups, ensure that you complete *Configure data directories for clusters with custom disk configurations* after the cluster is provisioned. Otherwise, Kafka does not utilize all available volumes. Additionally, scaling the cluster might also not be possible.

## 10. Click Provision Cluster.

### Results

You will be redirected to the Data Hub cluster dashboard, and a new tile representing your cluster will appear at the top of the page.

### What to do next

What steps you take next depends on whether you have customized Attached Volume per Instances .

- If you configured Attached Volume per Instances and the volume count is not identical for the **Broker** and **Core\_brokers** host groups, continue with *Configure data directories for clusters with custom disk configurations*.
- If you did not customize Attached Volume per Instances or customized it in a way that the volume count remained identical for the **Brokers** and **Core\_brokers** host groups, continue with *Give users access to your cluster*.

### Related Information

[Create a cluster from a definition on AWS](#)

[Create a cluster from a definition on Azure](#)

[Create a cluster from a definition on GCP](#)

[Tags](#)

[Streams Messaging deployment scenarios](#)

[Configure data directories for clusters with custom disk configurations](#)

[Give users access to your cluster](#)

## Configure data directories for clusters with custom disk configurations

Data Hub clusters provisioned with the default Streams Messaging cluster definitions that have non-identical volume numbers configured for the Broker and Core\_brokers host groups require additional configuration after cluster provisioning. If configuration is not done, the Kafka service deployed on these clusters does not utilize all available volumes. Additionally, scaling the cluster might not be possible.

## About this task

Clusters provisioned with version 7.2.12 or later of the Streams Messaging cluster definitions have two host groups that contain Kafka brokers (broker type groups). These are as follows:

- **Core\_brokers:** This host group is provisioned by default, it contains a core set of brokers, and is not scalable.
- **Broker:** This host group is not provisioned by default (instance count is 0), but is scalable.

By default both broker type groups have the same disk configuration. The disk configuration can be changed during cluster provisioning in Advanced ConfigurationHardware and Storage. If you customize the Attached Volume per Instance property and the volume numbers set for the **Broker** and **Core\_broker** groups are not identical, manually configuring the data directories (log.dirs) that Kafka uses is required after the cluster is provisioned.

If configuration is not done, Kafka does not utilize all volumes that are available. For example, assume you set Attached Volume per Instances to 2 for the **Broker** host group and 3 for the **Core\_brokers** host group. In a case like this, Kafka by default utilizes two out of the three volumes. That is, it will utilize the lower number of volumes out of the two host group configurations. Additionally, scaling the cluster might also not be possible.



**Important:** Configuration is required even if you provision the cluster with no **Broker** host group. This is needed to avoid issues in case the **Broker** host group is upscaled at a later point in time.

## Procedure

1. Access the Cloudera Manager instance managing the cluster.
2. Select the Kafka service.
3. Configure the Data Directories property for the default Kafka Broker role group.
  - a) Go to Configuration.
  - b) Find and configure the Data Directories property.

The Data Directories property for the default role group must reflect the disk configuration (number of volumes) of the **Broker** host group. The property is configured by adding a unique data directory for each of the volumes. Each unique directory must be added as a separate entry. New entries can be added by clicking the + (add) icon next to the property. If configured correctly, the number of entries in the property should be identical with the number of volumes configured for the **Broker** host group.

The data directories you specify must be `/hadoopfs/fs[***NUMBER***]/kafka`. For example, in case of two volumes, the data directories you need to specify are as follows:

```
/hadoopfs/fs1/kafka
/hadoopfs/fs2/kafka
```

- c) Click Save Changes.
4. Go to Instances.
  5. Configure role level overrides for the Data Directories property.

The following substeps must be repeated for each Kafka Broker role instance that is part of the **Core\_brokers** host group. Ensure that the override you configure is identical for all Kafka Broker role instances.

- a) Select a Broker role instance that is deployed in the **Core\_brokers** host group.
- b) Go to Configuration.
- c) Find and configure the Data Directories property.

In this step you are configuring an override for the property. The value you set here is only be used by the role instance you have selected in substep 5.a on page 7.

Configure the override so that it reflects the disk configuration (number of volumes) of the **Core\_brokers** host group. The property override is configured by adding a unique data directory for each of the volumes. Each unique directory must be added as a separate entry. New entries can be added by clicking the + (add) icon

next to the property. If configured correctly, the number of entries in the property should be identical with the number of volumes configured for the **Core\_brokers** host group.

The data directories you specify must be `/hadoopfs/fs[***NUMBER***/kafka`. For example, in case of three volumes, the data directories you need to specify are as follows:

```
/hadoopfs/fs1/kafka  
/hadoopfs/fs2/kafka  
/hadoopfs/fs3/kafka
```

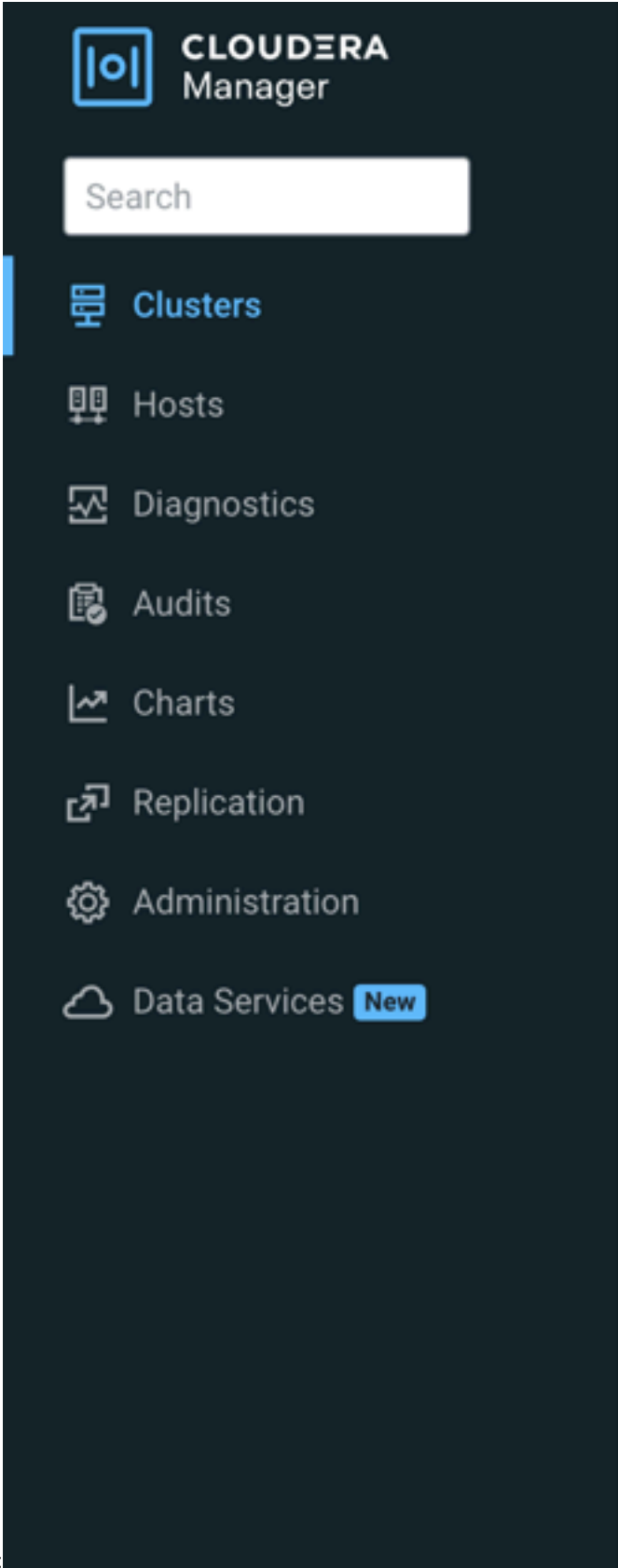
d) Click Save Changes.

**6. Review and verify your configuration.**

After both the default role group configuration and the overrides are specified, navigate to the service level configuration page of Kafka and find the Data Directories property. The property is displayed with the full configuration including the overrides. For example, if **Core\_brokers** had three



volumes and **Broker** had two volumes, the correct configuration would be similar to the following



The screenshot displays the Cloudera Manager web interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with the Cloudera Manager logo and a search bar. Below the search bar is a list of navigation items: Clusters, Hosts, Diagnostics, Audits, Charts, Replication, Administration, and Data Services (marked as 'New'). The main content area on the right is titled 'Cluster 1' and shows a green checkmark icon next to 'KAFKA-1'. Below this are tabs for 'Status', 'Instances', and 'Configuration', with 'Configuration' being the active tab. A search bar contains the text 'data dir'. Under the 'Filters' section, there are two expandable categories: 'SCOPE' and 'CATEGORY'. The 'SCOPE' category is expanded, showing a list of items: 'KAFKA-1 (Service-Wide)', 'Gateway', 'Kafka Broker', 'Kafka MirrorMaker', and 'Kafka Connect'. The 'CATEGORY' category is also expanded, showing a list of items: 'Main', 'Advanced', 'Logs', 'Monitoring', 'Performance', 'Ports and Addresses', and 'Resource Management'.

example:

### Results

Kafka data directories are configured. The Kafka service now uses all volumes available for the cluster.

### What to do next

Continue with *Give users access to your cluster*.

### Related Information

[Give users access to your cluster](#)

## Give users access to your cluster

As an EnvironmentAdmin, you need provide the users access to your environment and to the new Streams Messaging cluster by assigning user roles and adding users to Ranger policies.

### About this task

The cluster you have created using the Streams Messaging cluster definition is kerberized and secured with SSL. Users can access cluster UIs and endpoints through a secure gateway powered by Apache Knox. Before you can begin working with Kafka, Schema Registry, Streams Messaging Manager, and Streams Replication Manager, you must give users access to the Streams Messaging cluster components.

### Procedure

1. Assign the EnvironmentUser role to the users to grant access to the CDP environment and the Streams Messaging cluster.
2. Sync the updated user permissions to the Data Lake (Ranger) using ActionsSynchronize Users to FreeIPA.  
This synchronizes the user to the FreeIPA identity management system to enable SSO.
3. Add the user to the appropriate pre-defined Ranger policies.  
These policies are specified within the Ranger instance that provides authorization to the Kafka service in your Streams Messaging cluster.  
If needed, you can also create a custom Ranger access policy and add the user to it.

### Related Information

[Enable authorization in Kafka with Ranger](#)

[Configure the resource-based Ranger service used for authorization](#)

## Next steps

After you have created your Streams Messaging Data Hub cluster, you are ready to start working with Kafka workloads in CDP Public Cloud. You can gather information about Kafka and Streams Messaging details in other parts of the CDP Public Cloud documentation.

### Related Information

[Connecting Kafka clients to Data Hub provisioned clusters](#)

[Apache Kafka](#)

[Data ingest use cases in Cloudera Data Flow for Data Hub](#)