CEM MiNiFi C++ Agent 1.23.02

Using script to integrate custom code

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Initial setup

Scripting allows you to integrate custom code into MiNiFi C++ agents using Python. You can use either the ExecuteScript processor or custom Python processors.



Note: To use this feature, you need MiNiFi C++ Agent 1.22.08 or higher versions.

Learn how to install and enable the required Python version on all target systems.

Enabling Python scripting for MiNiFi version 1.23.02 and higher

On Linux

- To use the Python processors, copy libminifi-python-script-extension.so located in the nifi-minifi-cpp-...-extraextensions-centos-bXX.tar.gz archive to the extensions/ folder.
- To use the ExecuteScript processor with Python, copy libminifi-python-script-extension.so and libminifi-scriptextension.so located in the nifi-minifi-cpp-...-extra-extensions-centos-bXX.tar.gz archive to the extensions/ folder.

Requirements

Python scripting extension needs the generic Python3 library (libpython3.so) with a minimum version 3.6.

Anaconda

Before starting MiNiFi, set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to the lib folder of the installed Python.

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH="\${CONDA_PREFIX}/lib"

PyEnv

Before starting MiNiFi, set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to the lib folder of the installed Python.

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH="${PYENV_ROOT}/versions/${PY_VERSION}/lib"
```

RHEL/CentOS

yum install python3-libs

Debian/Ubuntu

apt install libpython3-dev

Debian/Ubuntu does not provide the generic Python3 library (libpython3.so), but the extension works with the specific libraries as well. To use the extension on a system where the generic libpython3.so is not available, patch the extension to use the specific library.

patchelf extensions/libminifi-python-script-extension.so --repla ce-needed libpython3.so libpython3.9.so

On Windows

The Python extension is part of the normal MiNiFi C++ MSI installer, but it is not enabled by default. You need to enable it during installation if you want to use it.

Requirements

Python scripting extension needs the generic Python3 library (python3.dll) with a minimum version 3.6.

Install Python through the GUI installer on https://www.python.org/downloads/windows, or through winget.

winget install -e --id Python.Python.3.11

What to do next

- Using the ExecuteScript processor
- Using a Python processor

Enabling Python scripting for MiNiFi versions 1.22.08 and 1.22.10

To use scripting, you need to install the required Python version on all target systems.

On Linux

Python 3.6 is required, which is available on CentOS 7.

If you are downloading MiNiFi C++ for Linux:

- 1. Find the nifi-minifi-cpp-...-extra-extensions-centos-bXX.tar.gz file. This file contains the libminifi-script-extensions.so file.
- 2. Copy the libminifi-script-extensions.so file to the extensions/ directory so that the MiNiFi C++ agent can load it on startup.

There is an additional workaround required to make scripting work if you are using MiNiFi version 1.22.08. You need to patch the MiNiFi binary to link to Python:patchelf --add-needed libpython3.6m.so MINIFI_HOME/bin/m inifi



Note: This step is unnecessary if you use version 1.22.10 or higher.

On Windows

Python 3.10 and the 64 bit version of the agent are required. The Python extension is already part of the normal MiNiFi C++ MSI installer, but it is not enabled by default. You need to enable it during installation.

Before version 1.23.02, the script-extension was tightly coupled with Python and Lua, so you also need to install the Lua library on all target systems.

Using the ExecuteScript processor

The ExecuteScript processor runs an external stateless script on each processor run, allowing simpler integration. Learn how to use it to integrate custom code into a MiNiFi C++ agent.

When using the ExecuteScript processor, you need to add a Python script on the agents' file systems, and point the ExecuteScript processor to use that script. For more information on how you can send files to agents to be used on the agents, see *Using Asset Push command*. On each execution, the Python script is evaluated, and its onTrigger function is called to receive any incoming flow files and to produce the output.

This is an example script that reverses the content of flow files:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
                import codecs
                import time
                class ReadCallback:
                def process(self, input_stream):
                self.content = codecs.getreader('utf-8')(input_stream).re
ad()
                return len(self.content)
                class WriteReverseStringCallback:
                def __init__(self, content):
                self.content = content
                def process(self, output_stream):
                reversed content = self.content[::-1]
                output_stream.write(reversed_content.encode('utf-8'))
                return len(reversed_content)
                def onTrigger(context, session):
                flow_file = session.get()
                if flow_file is not None:
                read_callback = ReadCallback()
                session.read(flow_file, read_callback)
                session.write(flow_file, WriteReverseStringCallback(read_
callback.content))
                flow_file.addAttribute('python_timestamp', str(int(time.t
ime())))
                session.transfer(flow file, REL SUCCESS)
```

Related Information Using Asset Push command

Using a Python processor

Python processors in MiNiFi C++ are loaded from external files, and they keep running a function, while retaining the interpreter state. This makes them well-suited for tasks that require maintaining state between runs or executing initialization logic to be run only once. Learn how to integrate custom code seamlessly into a MiNiFi C++ agent by utilizing custom Python processors. You can unlock the full potential of your MiNiFi C++ agent by enhancing its functionality with the flexibility offered by Python processors.

The workflow of a Python processor:

- 1. At startup, the MiNiFi C++ agent reads the Python script directory specified in the minifi.properties file as the value of the nifi.python.processor.dir property. By default, this directory is set to MINIFI_HOME/minifi-python.
- 2. The agent scans the directory for compatible scripts and automatically registers them for use.
- **3.** Python files are evaluated during startup. Their onSchedule function is invoked before starting a flow and their onTrigger function is called regularly as the processor is scheduled.

For more details, see the following example:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
def describe(processor):
    processor.setDescription("Adds an attribute to your flow files")
```

```
def onInitialize(processor):
    processor.setSupportsDynamicProperties()

def onTrigger(context, session):
    flow_file = session.get()
    if flow_file is not None:
        flow_file.addAttribute("Python attribute", "attributevalue")
        session.transfer(flow_file, REL_SUCCESS)
```

To add or update processors, place the Python files in the designated script directory and restart the agent.