

Cloudera Edge Management 2.2.0

Using Asset Push Command

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The Cloudera logo is displayed in a bold, orange, sans-serif font. The word "CLOUDERA" is written in all caps, with a stylized 'E' that has a horizontal bar extending to the right.

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Using Asset Push command

Learn how you can trigger an asset push command to agents of a particular agent class from the Swagger UI.



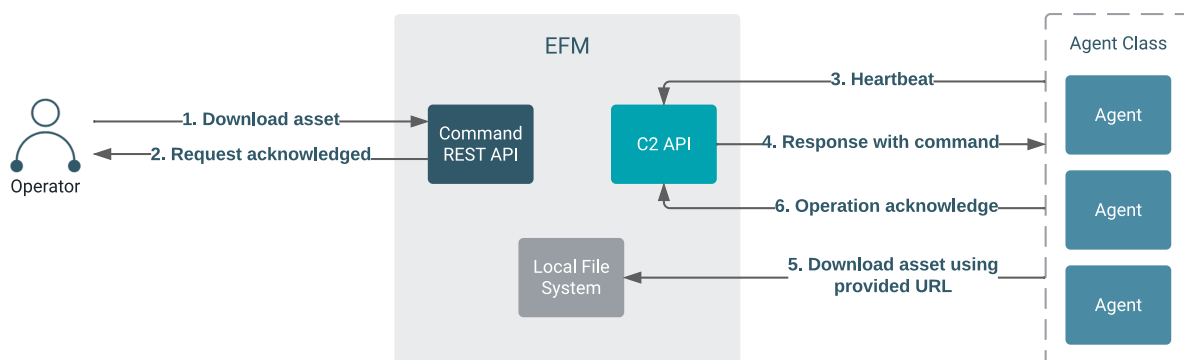
Important:

The Asset Push feature is deprecated and will be removed in future releases. The recommended alternative for asset distribution is the new Resource Manager feature. For more information, see [Managing resources](#).

You need to initiate the process by issuing an `UPDATE ASSET` command against an agent class through the REST API. The call is asynchronous and returns the created operation details. On the next heartbeat, the agent receives the operation (command) in the heartbeat response. The agent initiates the download through the provided URL which points to EFM. EFM proxies the URL to the respective external storage. External storage is a local filesystem or S3. Asset files have to be uploaded to S3 or deployed on all EFM nodes under the same path and name. This path is passed on as a parameter for the request so EFM will use it to identify the asset. As there is one incoming request and there could be multiple EFM nodes, they should have the exact same setup. After the asset is downloaded, the agent acknowledges the operation.

Asset push for asset in local file system

In case of an asset located in the local file system, the workflow of the process is the following:



Running the asset push command

1. Ensure that the asset is available on all EFM nodes, which the agents download.
2. Construct the request payload.

For example:

```
{
  "assetFileName": "test.txt",
  "assetUri": "/tmp/input.txt",
  "forceDownload": false
}
```

where

- `assetFileName` = The target file name to be used on the agent.
 - `assetUri` = Location of the asset on EFM.
 - `forceDownload` = Forces the agent to skip all version checks and perform asset download.
3. Send a POST request to `/efm/api/commands/<testAgentClass>/update-asset` with the payload created in the previous step and the agent class name.

This triggers all agents under the agent class to download the requested asset.

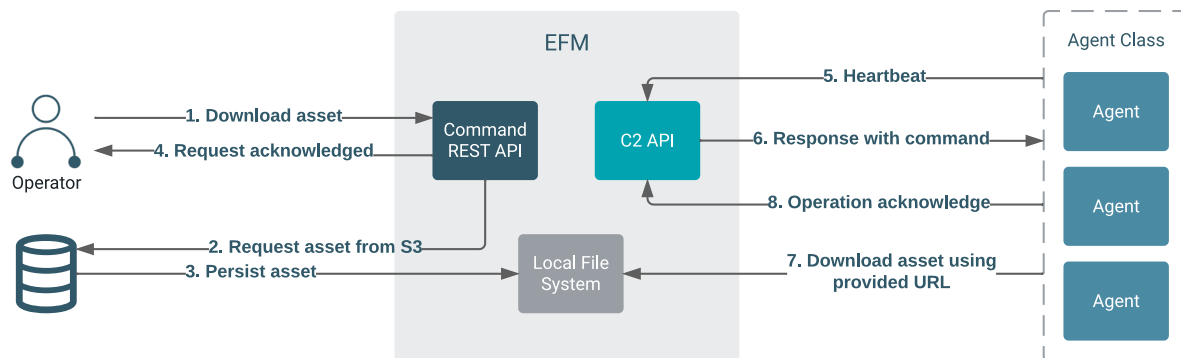
4. Go to the Edge Events page and check for the UPDATE ASSET command.

You can see the UPDATE ASSET command where you can track how it goes through its lifecycle stages (for example, queued, deployed, and done). You can also check the command's current state under the Commands tab in the Agent Details page for the Agent Manager.

Result: After the commands are executed, assets are available on all agents belonging to the specified agent class.

Asset push for asset located in S3

In case of an asset located in S3, the workflow of the process is the following:



Running the asset push command

1. Ensure that the asset is available on S3.
2. Construct the request payload.

Example 1:

```
{
  "assetFileName": "test-asset.txt",
  "assetUri": "s3://test-asset-bucket-1/test-asset.txt",
  "forceDownload": true,
  "customProperties": {
    "accessKeyId": "****",
    "secretAccessKey": "****",
    "region": "us-west-2"
  }
}
```

Example 2:

```
{
  "assetFileName": "test-asset.txt",
  "assetUri": "s3://test-asset-bucket-1/test-asset.txt",
  "forceDownload": true,
  "customProperties": {
    "accessKeyId": "****",
    "secretAccessKey": "****",
    "sessionToken": "****",
    "region": "us-west-2"
  }
}
```

where

- assetFileName = The target file name to be used on the agent.
- assetUri = Location of the asset on S3.

- `forceDownload` = Forces the agent to skip all version checks and perform asset download.
 - `customProperties` = Defines the AWS credentials that EFM will use during asset download from S3.
3. Send a POST request to `/efm/api/commands/<testAgentClass>/update-asset` with the payload created in the previous step and the agent class name.
 - First this triggers all EFM nodes to download the asset from S3 to the local file system.
 - After that EFM will triggers all agents under the agent class to download the requested asset.
 4. Go to the Edge Events page and check for the `UPDATE ASSET` command.

You can see the `UPDATE ASSET` command where you can track how it goes through its lifecycle stages (for example: `queued`, `deployed`, and `done`). You can also check the command's current state under the `Commands` tab on the `Agent Details` page of the `Agent Manager`.

Result: When the process is completed, assets are available on all agents belonging to the specified agent class.

Agent configuration

On the agent side the default location where the asset will be saved is `${MINIFI_HOME}/asset`. You can customize this path with the `c2.asset.directory` property.

Restrictions and limitations

These are current limitations of asset push:

- If asset push fails, there is no automated recovery or retry option.
- Assets must be located on all EFM nodes or in S3. It also means that the hardware capabilities of your EFM node(s) can be a limitation for download speed or storage capacity for assets.
- Required agent versions:
 - CEM MiNiFi C++ Agent - 1.22.06+
 - CEM MiNiFi Java Agent - 1.23.02+

Updating agent capability using Asset Push from EFM

Learn how you can use Asset Push to automate the process of distributing NAR files to the agents much faster.

About this task



Important:

The Asset Push feature is deprecated and will be removed in future releases. The recommended alternative for asset distribution is the new Resource Manager feature. For more information, see [Managing resources](#).

MiNiFi Java is released with a set of core processors and controller services. As the flow or requirements evolve, there may be a need for more niche or custom processors. In such cases, all MiNiFi agents would have to be updated independently to add the new capability. Combining property updates with asset push and manifest refresh, you can perform these updates directly from EFM without accessing each agent separately.

You can watch this demo video about the process:

Or follow the below steps to update agent capabilities remotely:

Procedure

1. Gather all NAR files that are required for your processor.

Some processors require multiple NARs. You can either create your custom processor and bundle it as NARs or you can use the Cloudera Artifactory for available NARs: <https://repository.cloudera.com/artifactory/repo/org/apache/nifi/>



Note: Cloudera Artifactory contains Java NARs, which only work with MiNiFi Java Agents.

2. Upload the NAR file(s) to S3 or all EFM nodes.

For more information, see *Using Asset Push command*.



Note: EFM tries to serve these requests from in-memory cache. If you exceed the default 16 MB asset size, your asset push operation could increase I/O operations on EFM nodes. You can fine-tune these settings using the `efm.asset.cache.maxSizeByte` property.

3. Set the value of the asset directory property to the extension directory, which is `./extensions` by default.

- Java Agent property: `c2.asset.directory`
- C++ Agent property: `nifi.c2.asset.directory`


Using the UI:

- Click Monitor on the left navigation panel to open the Dashboard.
- Select an agent class.
- Click Actions Agent Configuration .

The **Edit Agent Configuration** dialog appears:

Edit Agent Configuration
✕

⚠ All agents in this class must be restarted for a new configuration to take effect. New property values are applied to all agents.

	CLASS NAME	NUMBER OF AGENTS
	nifi-minifi-java-latest	3


Property Name

c2.asset.directory

Value

property value

⊕ Add

 No Properties to display.

Cancel

Apply

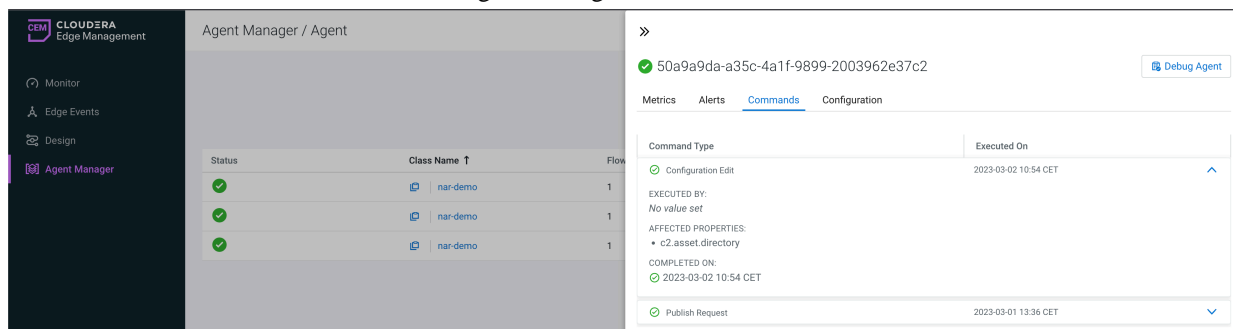
d. Select the asset directory property (for a Java agent, it is `c2.asset.directory`).

e. Add `./extensions` in the Value field and click Apply.

Using Swagger:

Access `http://<cem-host>:<cem-port>/efm/swagger/#/Commands/createPropertyUpdateOperation`.

You can check the command status in the Agent Manager:



4. Run an asset push.

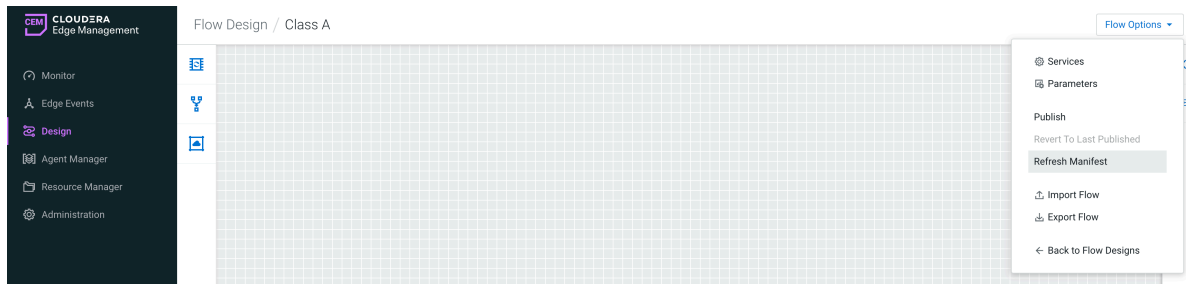
- For instructions, see *Using Asset Push command*.
- Using Swagger:
Access `http://<cem-host>:<cem-port>/efm/swagger/#/Commands/createUpdateAssetOperation`.
- You can check the command status in the Agent Manager. You have to wait an extra heartbeat interval to complete manifest update.



Important: If you have multiple NARs, execute the asset push for each NAR.

5. Refresh the agent manifest.

- For instructions, see *Refreshing the agent manifest for existing flows*.
- Using the UI:



- Using Swagger:

Access `http://<cem-host>:<cem-port>/efm/swagger/#/Flow%20Designer/refreshFlowManifest`.

Results

Once the asset push and manifest refresh are complete, the new processors/controller services are available. You can verify the updated capabilities on the EFM UI.

Related Information

[Using Asset Push command](#)

[Refreshing the agent manifest for existing flows](#)