Cloudera Data Visualization 7.2.1

Working with Data

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Working with datasets in Data Visualization

Datasets are defined on the connections to your data, and provide access to the specific tables in the data store.

In Cloudera Data Visualization, visualizations are built from datasets. These datasets provide access to data annd enhance data access and usage.

Related Information

Datasets

Creating a dataset

Cloudera Data Visualization allows you to create datasets based on your data available through a data connection.

About this task

There are two options to create a new dataset:

- Creating a dataset from a table on page 5
- Creating a dataset from a query on page 7

Creating a dataset from a table

Cloudera Data Visualization allows you to define a new dataset based on an exisiting table.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

2. Click NEW DATASET near the top of the screen.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors	
[®] NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET O ADD DATA ···	
All Connections		

The New Dataset modal window appears.



Note: You can also open this modal window from the Connection Explorer, by clicking New dataset next to the table's name.

& NEW DATASET	• ADD DATA			
🗞 Datasets 👔	Connection Explorer	0		
	_			
🛢 main	12	Table Name	# Datasets	
	12	Table Name	# Datasets	🗞 New dataset
	12		# Datasets 1 1	 New dataset New dataset

3. In the New Dataset modal window, specify the following values:

Dataset title

Provide a name for the new dataset.

Dataset Source

Open the menu and select the From Table option.

Select Database

Scroll down the list of connected databases to select the correct database.

Select Table

Scroll down the list of tables to select the correct table.

New Dataset
Create a dataset from data on this connection. You need to create a dataset before you can create dashboards or apps.
Dataset title *
Test Dataset
Dataset Source
Select Database
main •
Select Table
census_pop *
CANCEL CREATE

4. Click CREATE.

You can now see the new dataset on the Datasets tab.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS	Q find titles, viz types, datase	ets, authors	C			# 0- 0- 4*	vizapps_admin
% NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET O ADD DATA]						
All Connections	& Datasets 11 E Connection E	oplorer (?)						
∿ samples 🕜	Title/Table		ID	Created	Last Updated	Modified By	# Dashboards	
% SQLite 🥒	Test Dataset main.census_pop	+ 11	16	Jul 14, 2023	a few seconds ago	vizapps_admin	0	8
	demo set Created from SQL	+11	15	Jul 13, 2023	21 hours ago	vizapps_admin	0	8
	US State Populations Over Time main.census_pop	+ 11	7	Oct 26, 2021	a day ago	vizapps_admin	3	8



Tip: To find the dataset in the future, you can scroll through the list of datasets available on the connection, or use Search at the top of the page.

Creating a dataset from a query

Cloudera Data Visualization allows you to define a new dataset using a SQL query. This feature makes it easy to restrict access to specific table columns or rows for all users, either for security or for relevancy reasons. It also enables you to specify complex joins and analytic functions at the dataset level.

Using the DATA tab

Procedure

- **1.** On the main navigation bar, click DATA.
 - The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- **2.** Click NEW DATASET near the top of the screen.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
𝗞 NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET
All Connections	

The New Dataset modal window appears.



Note: You can also open this modal window from the Connection Explorer, by clicking New dataset next to the table's name.

& NEW DATASET O ADD DATA			
Datasets 13 Explore	0		
🛢 main 🚺	Table Name	# Datasets	
	census_pop	1	🗞 New dataset
	cereals	1	🗞 New dataset
	chicago_govt_pay	0	🗞 New dataset

3. In the New Dataset modal window, specify the following values:

Dataset title

Provide a name for the new dataset.

Dataset Source

Open the menu and select the From SQL option.

Enter SQL below

- a. Enter the SQL query you want to use to define the new dataset.
- **b.** Run the query.

New Dataset
Create a dataset from data on this connection. You need to create a dataset before you can create dashboards or apps. Dataset title *
Test Dataset from SQL
Dataset Source From SQL
Enter SQL below
<pre>select * from main.us_counties</pre>
Autocomplete on
CANCEL CREATE

4. Click CREATE.

You can now see the new dataset on the Datasets tab.



Tip: To find the dataset in the future, you can scroll through the list of datasets available on the connection, or use Search at the top of the page.

Using the SQL tab

Procedure

- On the main navigation bar, click SQL. The SQL view appears.
- 2. Select the database and the table.
- **3.** Add the SQL query to the SQL text field.

4. Click RUN.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL	VISUALS	DATA	Q find titles, viz typ	oes, datasets, authors		۵		¢	٥-	0-	å* vizapps_admin -
Connection Explorer SQL												
Database	Enter SQL											
main	~ 1 SEL	.ECT * FROM	main.census_p	p								
Tables												
⊞ census_pop												
⊞ cereals												
chicago_govt_pay earthquake_data2019												
m infoseq_1559												
⊞iris												🗹 Autocomplete o
I restaurant_scores_lives_sta	🗹 Add in a	a "LIMIT 100"	clause to any S	L select query that	at does not have a li	mit clause						
retail_food_store_inspectio	► RUN		AVE QUERY	SAVE AS DATASET	+ III NEW DAS	SHROARD	~					
superstore_sales												
⊞ trips ⊞ trips_detail	Query H	History	Saved Queries	Results								
Inps_detail	SELECT	* EROM m		op LIMIT 100								
world_life_expectancy	OLLEOI	TROWIN	Iun.census_	op Linnin 100								
	year ≑	state \$	population \$									
	1960	AL	3266740									
	1960	AK	226167									
	1960	AZ	1302161									
	1960	AR	1786272									
	1960	CA	15717204									
	1960	CO	1753947									
	1960	CT	2535234									
Click SAVE AS I	DATAS	ET.										
Cha Naw Datasat	model											
The New Dataset	modal v	vinao	own ap	bears.								

- **6.** Add a title for the dataset.
- 7. Click CREATE.

You can now see the new dataset on the Datasets tab.



Tip: To find the dataset in the future, you can scroll through the list of datasets available on the connection, or use Search at the top of the page.

Finding a dataset

Cloudera Data Visualization makes it easy to find your datasets. You can browse the list of Datasets, check out the Connection Explorer, or use Search.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization HOME VISUALS DATA Q fortities viz types dutaerts auflors. O

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

2. On the left-side panel, select the connection on which the dataset is defined.

3. Use Search on the main navigation bar. Type the search string that matches all or part of the dataset you are looking for.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q world life		0
% NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET O ADD DATA		
@ All Connections	& Datasets (12) Connection Explorer (1)		
% samples 🖉	Title/Table	ID	Created
	World Life Expectancy +il	9	Jun 28, 2022
	main.world_life_expectancy	-	5411 2.0, 2.022

Some examples of search criteria are for example data connection names, data table names, dataset names, visualization names, or application names.

4. Select the correct dataset from the abbreviated list of datasets.

Exploring dataset details

Cloudera Data Visualization makes it easy to check out and examine the information available about your datasets.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

2. Find the dataset, either by browsing to a known connection and scrolling, or by using Search.

3. Click the dataset you want to examine.

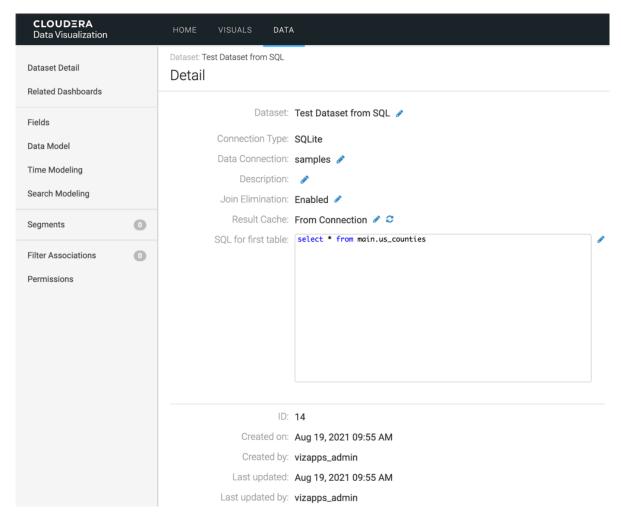
Dataset side navigation appears, open at Dataset Detail view.

Depending on the dataset definition approach, there are two alternatives:

• Defined on Table

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards		Dataset: Test Dataset Detail
Fields		Dataset: Test Dataset 🥒 Table: main.census_pop
Data Model Time Modeling		Connection Type: SQLite Data Connection: samples 🔗
Search Modeling Segments	0	Description: 🥒 Join Elimination: Enabled 🥒
Filter Associations	0	Result Cache: From Connection 🥒 😂
Permissions		ID: 13 Created on: Aug 19, 2021 09:52 AM
		Created by: vizapps_admin Last updated: Aug 19, 2021 09:52 AM
		Last updated by: vizapps_admin

• Defined on SQL



The following information is available on Dataset Detail view, under Detail:

Tables

This is the qualified name of the data source. It appears in the form DatabaseName.DatabaseTable.

Connection type

This is the name of the database that hosts the data that appears in the form DataConnection. This feature is ideal for enterprise environments, with dashboards developed on test clusters, and then deployed to a production environment.

About this task

This assumes that the new connection has, at the minimum, the relevant base tables with metadata definitions that match those on the original connection. Users with appropriate permissions can switch the data connection of a dataset by following these steps.

Procedure

- 1. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.
- 2. Choose a different data connection from the menu.
- 3. Click Save.

Description

This is an optional field. You can add a description of the dataset in the available textbox.

Procedure

- 1. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.
- **2.** Enter the descirption in the text box.
- 3. Click Save.

Join elimination

Join elimination improves query execution and visual rendering in CDP Data Visualization.

About this task

Join elimination is available both for left outer and inner joins. It is turned on by default.

When a visual uses fields and expressions that reference only a subset of the joined tables that form the dataset, this feature eliminates the unnecessary joins and access only the necessary subset of the joined tables. This improves query execution speeds, and renders the visuals faster.

Procedure

- **1.** Click the Edit (pencil) icon.
- **2.** You can eanble or disable join elimination:
 - Disabling: select the Disabled option.
 - Enabling: select the Enabled option.
- 3. Click Save.

Result cache

Each dataset inherits the result caching preferences configured for its connection. The value for this field is From Connection by default, but this may be changed at the level of the dataset.

Procedure

- 1. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.
- 2. You can enable or disable the result cache:
 - Disabling: select the Disabled option.
 - Enabling: select the Enabled option, and specify the Retention Time, in seconds.
- 3. Click Save.

4. To clear the result cache, click the Clearicon.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: Test Dataset Detail
Fields Data Model Time Modeling Search Modeling Segments	Dataset: Test Dataset / Table: main.census_pop Connection Type: SQLite Data Connection: samples / Description: / Join Elimination: Enabled /
Filter Associations 0	Result Cache: Image: Transmission of the second
Permissions	ID: 13 Created on: Aug 19, 2021 09:52 AM Created by: vizapps_admin Last updated: Aug 19, 2021 09:52 AM Last updated by: vizapps_admin

SQL

In datasets initially defined on a SQL query, you can alter the query at any time to change the list of fields fetched, content of the WHERE clause, ORDER BY, and so on.

Procedure

- 1. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.
- 2. Edit the SQL statement.
- 3. Click Save.

Information on creation and update

The Dataset Detail interface provides information about the creation of the dataset and most recent updates to it.

Created on

This is the date, in timestamp form, when the dataset was created.

Created by

This is the username of the user who created the dataset.

Last updated

This is the date, in timestamp form, of the most recent dataset update.

Last updated by

This is the username of the user who updated the dataset most recently.

Checking related dashboards

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can easily determine which visuals use a particular dataset.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click Data.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization HOME VISUALS DATA Q. find titles, viz types, datasets, authors... 🞗 SEARCH 🛛 🗢 🛛 🗸 🛔 vizapps_admi

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. Find the dataset that you want to examine in the list of datasets, either by scrolling or by using search.
- 3. Click the dataset.

Dataset side navigation appears, open at Dataset Detail view.

4. In the side navigation menu, click Related Dasboards.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME VISUALS	DATA					Q SEAF	сн 🗢 -	0 - <u>*</u> *	vizapps_admin -
Dataset Detail		Dataset: World Life Exp Related Dashl	ectancy boards and Linked Visuals							ill N	EW DASHBOARD
Related Dashboards	3										
Fields		These visuals were crea	ated based on this dataset								
Data Model			Title	ID	Related Dashboards/Linked Visuals	Created	Last Updated	Modified By	Total Views	Workspace	Actions
Time Modeling Search Modeling			Life Expectancy Dashboard	66	0	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	0	Public	/ 8
Segments	0		World Population & GDP Trends	57	0	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	0	Public	18
Filter Associations Permissions	0		Animated world population - GDP vs life expectancy	52	0	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	0	Public	1
remissions		Showing 1 to 3 of 3 ent	tries								

Related Dashboards view appears, which is a list of visuals that use this dataset.

The following information is available for each app in this list, under Related Dashboards:

- Type icon represents the style of the dashboard, or a snapshot icon of the visual (if this feature is on).
- Title is the name of the visual.
- ID
- Related Dashboards/Linked Visuals
- Created is the date when the visual was created.
- Last Updated is the time interval after the last update of the visual. It is expressed in minutes, hours, days, or months, as appropriate.
- Modified by is the name of the user who modified the app most recently.
- Total Views is the number of times the app was viewed.
- Workspace
- Actions are the permissions available to you They may include the following:
 - Clicking Edit (pencil) icon edits the visual.
 - Clicking Delete (trash) icon deletes the visual.

Editing datasets based on a SQL query

One of the major advantages Cloudera Data Visualization provides is the option to edit the data selection that defines the dataset.

Procedure

1. Navigate to a dataset that you created based on a SQL query.

2. Click to open the dataset, on the Dataset Detail view.

There is a SQL text window, which you can edit.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL Detail
Fields	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL 🖋
Data Model Time Modeling	Data Connection: samples 🖋
Search Modeling	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋
Segments	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂 SQL for first table: select * from main.us_counties
Filter Associations	
Permissions	
	ID: 14
	Created on: Aug 19, 2021 09:55 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Aug 19, 2021 09:55 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

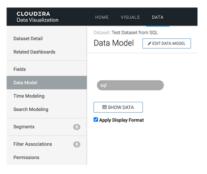
3. You can restrict rows and columns depending on what you need.

Restricting columns in datasets based on SQL query

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can easily restrict the table columns in the dataset by changing the SQL definition of that dataset. SQL-defined datasets make it easy to limit their content to specific columns.

Procedure

1. Switch to Data Model interface, and click Show Data.



There is a large number of columns in the query result, and many of them are not necessary when it comes to answering most common questions.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		номе	vis	UALS	DATA														٩	SEARCH	۰.	0 -	≜ * vizapps	s_admin•		
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards		Dataset: Data				DATA MODEL																(II NEW DASH	iboard		
Fields																										
Data Model		sql)																				
Time Modeling																										
Search Modeling		⊞H	IDE DAT	A																						
Segments	0	Apply	Display	Format																						
Filter Associations	0	sumlev	state	county	stname	ctyname	year	agegrp	tot_pop	tot_male	tot_female	wa_male	wa_female	ba_male	ba_female	ia_male	ia_female	aa_male	aa_female	na_male	na_female	tom_male	tom_female	e wac_r		
Permissions		50	51	149	Virginia	Prince George County	5	0	36941	20368	16573	12155	10721	7230	4763	171	98	254	410	61	55	497	526	12570		
		50	51	153	Virginia	Prince William County	5	0	430289	213820	216469	141918	138857	44291	47256	2453	2331	16249	18465	405	374	8504	9186	1495£		
		50	51	155	Virginia	Pulaski County	5	0	34736	17284	17452	15915	16222	959	866	35	37	93	105	6	2	276	220	1617€		
		50	51	157	Virginia	Rappahannock County	5	0	7456	3694	3762	3420	3496	181	171	5	13	19	28	1	2	68	52	3483		
		50	51	159	Virginia	Richmond County	5	0	9059	5066	3993	3138	2925	1799	961	24	15	31	17	1	2	73	73	3204		
		50	51	161	Virginia	Roanoke County	5	0	92901	44385	48516	39834	43608	2424	2605	85	82	1338	1465	12	21	692	735	40487		
				50	51	163	Virginia	Rockbridge County	5	0	22394	11071	11323	10482	10693	321	323	60	63	50	76	1	3	157	165	10631
					50	51	165	Virginia	Rockingham County	5	0	77391	37840	39551	36012	37908	841	629	227	213	232	278	15	11	513	512
		50	51	167	Virginia	Russell County	5	0	28445	13914	14531	13631	14249	148	120	28	35	32	24	0	1	75	102	13701		

- 2. Find the fields that you would like to keep in the dataset definition.
- 3. Switch back to Dataset Detail interface, and edit SQL text window by applying the following statement:

select county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, tot_female from main.u
s_counties

In this example we keep the columns county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, and tot_female.

4. Click Save.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL 🥜
Data Model	Connection Type: SQLite
Time Modeling	Data Connection: samples 🤌
Search Modeling	Join Elimination: Enabled
Segments	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂
	SQL for first table: select county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, tot_female from CANCEL SAVE
Filter Associations 0	
Permissions	
	ID: 14
	Created on: Aug 19, 2021 09:55 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Aug 19, 2021 09:55 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. In the Refresh dataset table column information modal window, click Close.

Refresh dataset table column information
Table columns updated
CLOSE

6. Switch back to the Data Model interface, click Show Data, and check that the dataset only has the explicitly specified columns:

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME VISUALS	DATA			Q SEARCH	¢- 0-	≜® vizapps_admin					
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards		Dataset: Test Dataset from	M SQL					NEW DASHBOARD					
Fields													
Data Model		sql											
Time Modeling													
Search Modeling		I HIDE DATA											
0	0	S Apply Display Format											
Segments	0				sql								
Filter Associations	0	county	stname	ctyname	tot_pop	tot_male	tot_female						
Permissions		149	Virginia	Prince George County	36941	20368	16573						
remissions		153	Virginia	Prince William County	430289	213820	216469						
		155	Virginia	Pulaski County	34736	17284	17452						
		157	Virginia	Rappahannock County	7456	3694	3762						
		159	Virginia	Richmond County	9059	5066	3993						
		161	Virginia	Roanoke County	92901	44385	48516						
		163	Virginia	Rockbridge County	22394	11071	11323						
		165	Virginia	Rockingham County	77391	37840	39551						
		167	Virginia	Russell County	28445	13914	14531						
		169	Virginia	Scott County	22781	11413	11368						

In this example we have kept the columns county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, and tot_female.

Restricting rows in datasets based on SQL query

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can easily restrict the table rows in the dataset by changing the SQL definition of that dataset. SQL-defined datasets make it easy to limit their content to specific rows.

Procedure

1. Switch to Dataset Detail interface, and edit SQL text window by applying the following statement:

```
select county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, tot_female from main.
us_counties
  where stname in ('Arizona','New Mexico',
  'California','Nevada','Colorado','Utah')
```

2. Click Save.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL Detail
Related Dashboards Fields	Dataset: Test Dataset from SQL 🖋
Data Model Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite Data Connection: samples 🖋
Search Modeling	Description: 🕜 Join Elimination: Enabled 🖉
Segments 0	Result Cache: From Connection & C SQL for first table: select county, stname, ctyname, tot_pop, tot_male, tot_female from main.us_counties
Filter Associations 0 Permissions	<pre>where stname in ('Arizona','New Mexico', 'California','Nevada' ,'Colorado','Utah')</pre>
	ID: 14 Created on: Aug 19, 2021 09:55 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin Last updated: Aug 25, 2021 01:35 PM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

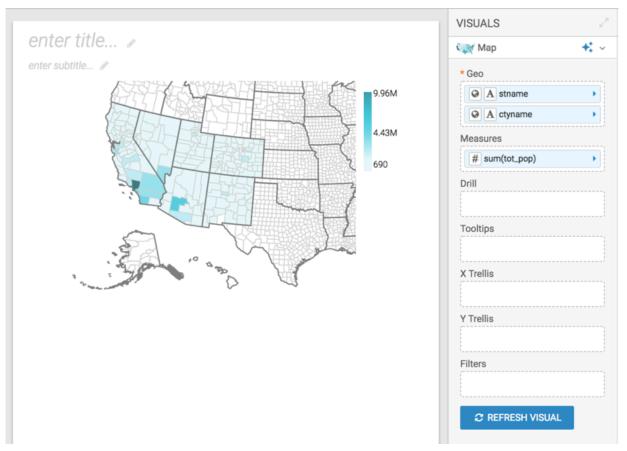
3. In the Refresh dataset table column information modal window, click Close.

Refresh dataset table column information
Table columns updated
CLOSE

4. Switch back to the Data Model interface, click Show Data, and notice that the dataset is limited to the states specified in the SQL statement.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME VISUALS	DATA			Q SEARCH	¢- 0-	≜* vizapps_admin	
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards		Dataset: Test Dataset from S Data Model	QL EDIT DATA MODEL					IN NEW DASHBOARD	
Fields									
Data Model		sql							
Time Modeling									
Search Modeling		III HIDE DATA							
Segments	0	Apply Display Format							
Segments	•			sql					
Filter Associations	0	county	stname	ctyname	tot_pop	tot_male	tot_female		
Permissions			1	Arizona	Apache County	73195	36300	36895	
remissions		3	Arizona	Cochise County	132088	67820	64268		
		5	Arizona	Coconino County	136011	67136	68875		
		7	Arizona	Gila County	53144	26434	26710		
		9	Arizona	Graham County	37416	20000	17416		
		11	Arizona	Greenlee County	8802	4611	4191		
		12	Arizona	La Paz County	20281	10336	9945		
		13	Arizona	Maricopa County	3942169	1950188	1991981		
		15	Arizona	Mohave County	203334	102329	101005		
		17	Arizona	Navajo County	107094	53545	53549		

5. If you were to test it by creating a simple map visual on the dataset, it would look something like this:



Deleting a dataset

In CDP Data Visualization, you can delete a dataset without deleting the data from the database.

About this task



Note: Deleting a dataset deletes all dashboards and both linked and unlinked visuals that use it. However, it does not delete the data from the database. Any analytical views that were defined on the dataset remain.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click Data.



The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. Find the dataset in the list of datasets, either by scrolling or by using search.
- 3. On the row that represents the particular dataset, click the Delete (trash) icon to delete the dataset.

In this example, the Cereals dataset has been selected, which contains 1 visual.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz type	s, datasets, authors	8		Q SEAR	сн ф - 0 -	å* vizapps_admin ×
% NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET O ADD DATA						
@ All Connections	A Datasets 11 E Connection Explore	r 🕐					
% Postgres							
% samples 🖉	Title/Table		Created	Last Updated	Modified By	# Visuals	
	Test Dataset from SQL Created from SQL	÷il	Aug 19, 2021	13 minutes ago	vizapps_admin	0	Ê
	Test Dataset from Connection Created from SQL	÷il	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	0	8
	Test Dataset main.census_pop	+il	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	0	8
	Food Stores Inspection in NYC main.retail_food_store_inspections_current_critical_vio	÷il	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	3	Delete Dataset
	Cereals main.cereals	÷il	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	1	8

The Delete Confirmation modal window appears.

It contains information about all related dashboards and linked and unlinked visuals that the system deletes with the dataset:

- Snapshot with a tag indicating that the artifact is a visual or a dashboard
- Title
- *ID*
- Related Dashboards / Visuals lists the number of related artifacts, and their IDs.
 - For visuals, this is the number and IDs of dashboards where they appear.
 - For dashboards, it is the number and IDs of visuals that they contain.
- *Created* date
- Last Updated time period
- *Modified by* username



Note: When deleting a dataset that has associated dashboards in private worksapces, these dashboards are not listed in the Delete confirmation modal window. However, a warning will appear notifying about the dashboards.

4. In the Delete confirmation modal window's text entry field, type DELETE in uppercase, and click Delete.

e following dasł	nboards/visuals relate	d to th	is dataset will also b	be deleted:			
	Title	ID	Related Dashboards / Visuals	Created	Last Updated	Modified By	Workspace
	Comparison of average calories per manufacturer to overall average	77	1 78	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	Public
11.	Avg quantity per nutritional category	76	78	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	Public
1.	Cereal Manufacturers available	75	78	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	Public
	Cereal comparisons across 9 nutritional categories	74	78	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	Public
****	Cereal	78	74, 75, 76, 77	Aug 19, 2021	6 days ago	vizapps_admin	Public
owing 1 to 5 of 5 entr confirm, type in	ries 1 the word DELETE in t	he field	d below and then cli	ck the Delete b	utton.		

In the Dataset modal window, you can see the Cereals dataset shows 1 visuals. This represents linked visuals and dashboards that reference the dataset directly. When you delete this dataset, the total number of entries display 5. This represents all dashboards, linked visuals, and all other visuals that reference this dataset.

Changing dataset fields

It is easy to make changes to the fields of a dataset in Cloudera Data Visualization.

Editing dataset fields

Editing dataset fields allows you to tailor your data to better suit specific analytical needs and visualization requirements. By modifying field parameters, you can enhance the accuracy, clarity, and relevance of your datasets.

Procedure

1. Navigate to the Data view by clicking DATA on the main navigation bar.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. Select a connection from the left navigation menu.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select the dataset you want to modify.

4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Fields Data Model	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋
Time Modeling Data Extracts Segments	Connection Type: SQLite Data Connection: samples 🖉 Description:
Permissions	Tags: Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋
	Result Cache: From Connection ✓ C ✓ ID: 9 Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM Created by: vizapps_admin Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. Click EDIT FIELDS to access the editing interface.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors 😵	
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields	
Fields	Dimensions	
Data Model Time Modeling	 world_life_expectancy A country A year 	1
Data Extracts	A country_5	
Segments	A alt_names A code2	
Permissions	A code3 A fips_code A fips_country_name A un_region A un_subregion A comments	

This action adds an edit button (pencil) to each dataset field row.

- world_life_expectancy	ſ	11
		•
Dim A - year	ø	•
Dim A - country_5		•
Dim A - alt_names	ø	•
Dim A - code2		•
Dim A - code3		•
Dim A - fips_code		•
Dim A - fips_country_name		•
Dim A - un_region		•
Dim A - un_subregion	e	•
Dim A - comments	S	•

 Click the edit button for the specific field you want to update. The Edit Field Parameters modal window appears. 7. Make your changes as needed.

Cloudera Data Visualization

- You can adjust basic field settings such as name, default aggregation, or geo type, and add comments to the field.
- You can mark a field as 'Sensitive' to restrict its usage in specific visual shelves that are marked as 'Sensitive'.

For example the 'Embedding Context' shelf of the Artificial Intelligence (AI) Assistant visual is a sensitive shelf.

• You can switch to the Display Format tab to assign a category to the field or to the Color tab to enable custom colors for the field.

Edit Field Pa	rameters		×
Basic Settings	Display Format	Color	
Base Column:	component_id		
Display Name			
component_id			
Field Comment			
Enter field comm	nent		
Default Aggrega	ation		
Maximum		~	·
Geo Туре			
None		\sim	
	data detail screen Visual Designer d		
Category			
Dimension	○ Measure		
			CANCEL APPLY

8. Click APPLY.

Hiding dataset fields from applications

You may find it useful to hide dataset fields that are not typically used for visualizations to prevent unintended bias in BI and analytics, or even to obscure confidential data. In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can do this by turning off the default visibility option of a particular dataset field.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to prevent data fields from appearing in visualizations and applications of dataset World Life Expectancy [data source samples.world_life_expectancy]. The fields comments, lat, and lng are empty, so they are good candidates for this operation.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. In the left navigation menu, click Samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (main.world_life_expectancy).
- 4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors			
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail			
Related Dashboards				
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋			
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy			
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite			
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 🛷			
Segments	Description: 🧳			
Permissions	Tags:			
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋			
	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂			
	ID: 9			
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM			
	Created by: vizapps_admin			
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM			
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin			

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors	
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	0	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields Fields Fields Fields	
Fields		Dimensions	
Data Model Time Modeling		<pre>vorld_life_expectancy A country A year</pre>	11
Data Extracts		A country_5	
Segments	0	A alt_names A code2	
Permissions		A code3 A fips_code A fips_country_name A un_region A un_subregion	
		A comments	

6. Under Dimensions, find the field comments.

7. Click the (eye) icon on the comments line.

Dataset Detail		Fields DUNDO CREFRESH	T TITLE CASE	SAVE 😡 Show Comments	
Related Dashboards	3				
Fields		-	row to the right of a fie	eld to clone it, and then edit the expression of the	he cloned field.
Data Model		Dimensions	(1)	Measures	
Time Modeling		Dim A country	1 -	Mes 12 - life_expectancy	1
		Dim A - year	1 -	Mes 12 - gdp_per_capita	1
Segments	0	Dim A - country_5	1 -	Mes 1.2 - population	1
ilter Associations	0	Dim A - alt_names	1.1	Mes # v iso_cc	
Permissions		Dim A - code2	1 -	Mes # - cdh_id	
		Dim A - code3	1 -	Mes 12 - Ing	1
		Dim A - fips_code	1.4		
		Dim A r fips_country_name	1 -		
		Dim A - un_region	1 -		
		Dim A - un_subregion	1.4		
		Dim A - comments	1 -		
			lone		
			lide 👦		

The icon next to the comment field changes to (slashed eye).

Dimensions			
 world_life_expectancy 	11		
Dim A - country	1.4		
Dim A - year	1 -		
Dim A - country_5	1		
Dim A - alt_names	1		
Dim A - code2	1.1		
Dim A - code3	1.+		
Dim A - fips_code	1		
Dim A - fips_country_name	1		
Dim A - un_region	1.1		
Dim A - un_subregion	1.1		
Dim A - comments	(*) /* -		

8. Under Measures, find the fields lat and lng, and hide them.

Measures				
- world_life_expectancy	7			
Mes 1.2 - life_expectancy	1.4			
Mes 1.2 - gdp_per_capita	1 -			
Mes 1.2 - population	1.4			
Mes # • iso_cc	1 -			
Mes # - cdh_id	1.4			
Mes 1.2 - lat	(1) / -			
Mes 12 - Ing	Ø) 💉 👻			

9. Click Save.

Results

In the updated Fields interface, Dimensions table has a total of 11 fields and Measures table lists a total of 7 fields, as before.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types	s, datasets, authors 😮			
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields FIELDS Show Comments				
Fields	Dimensions	Measures			
Data Model	world_life_expectancy 11 A country	 world_life_expectancy 12 life_expectancy 			
Time Modeling	A year	1.2 gdp_per_capita			
Search Modeling	A country_5	1.2 population			
Search Modeling	A alt_names	# iso_cc			
Segments	A code2	# cdh_id			
	A code3	1.2 lat			
Filter Associations	A fips_code	12 Ing			
	A fips_country_name				
Permissions	A un_region				
	A un_subregion				
	A comments				

- The number of Dimensions is 11. This is calculated as All Dimensions (11) Hidden Dimensions (1) + Segment (1).
- The number of Measures is 6. This is calculated as All Measures (7) Hidden Measures (2) + Record Count (1).

However, when using Visual Designer, the hidden fields do not show.

DUDERA a Visualizatio	n	HOME SC	QL VISUALS DATA	,		
I LAYOUT	& SAVE	••• PRIVATE	•			
enter title						
nter subtitle Add dashboard fi	Iters by s	electing dataset fields	from the Filters menu	u on the right.		
enter title enter subtitle					+ o 2	0
country \$	year \$	life_expectancy \$	gdp_per_capita \$	population \$	country_5 ‡	alt
Afghanistan	1900	27.2	612	5.22M	Afghanistan	A
		27.2	614		0	
Afghanistan	1901				Afghanistan	
Afghanistan	1902	27.2	616	5.29M	Afghanistan	A
Afghanistan	1903	27.2	618	5.33M	Afghanistan	A
Afghanistan	1904	27.1	620	5.37M	Afghanistan	,
Afghanistan	1905	27.1	622	5.41M	Afghanistan	
Arginanistan	1903	27.1	022	5.4 HVI	Arginanistan	~
					< 1 2 3 4 3	
					\$12343	5
						-

```
D Tip:
```

The field visibility can be changed in the Edit Field Parameters window modal.

Changing field aggregation

You can change the basic fields defaults in your dataset.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to change the default aggregation function from Sum to Average for the field life_expectancy in the dataset World Life Expectancy [data source: main.world_life_expectancy].

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (samples.world_life_expectancy).

4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors					
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail					
Fields Data Model	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋					
Time Modeling Data Extracts Segments	Connection Type: SQLite Data Connection: samples 🖉 Description:					
Permissions	Tags: Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋					
	Result Cache: From Connection ✓ C ID: 9 Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM Created by: vizapps_admin Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM 					
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin					

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors						
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	0	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields Fields Hide Comments						
Fields		Dimensions						
Data Model Time Modeling Data Extracts		<pre>vorld_life_expectancy A country A year A country_5 A alt_names</pre>						
Segments Permissions	0	A code2 A code3 A fips_code						
		A fips_country_name A un_region A un_subregion A comments						

- 6. Under Measures, find the field life_expectancy and click the (down arrow) icon on its right side.
- 7. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.

Measures			
 world_life_expectancy 	Edit Field		
Mes 1.2 - life_expectancy	*		
Mes 1.2 - gdp_per_capita	× ×		
Mes 1.2 - population	1.4		
Mes # - iso_cc	1.4		
Mes # - cdh_id	1.4		
Mes 1.2 - lat	ج 💉 🗇		
Mes 1.2 - Ing	(1)		

The Edit Field Parameters window modal appears.

8. Change Default Aggregation from Sum to Average, and click APPLY.

Basic Settings	Display Format	Color		
basic Settings	Display Format	0000		
Base Column: li	fe_expectancy			
Display Name				
life_expectancy				
ine_expectancy				
Field Comment				
Enter field comment				
Default Aggregatio	n			
✓ Sum				
Count			2	
Approx Distinct Co				
Exact Distinct Cou	int		·	
Minimum Maximum				
Average				
String Concat	\$			
Category				
	Measure			
	Measure			

9. Under Dataset: World Life Expectancy, click SAVE.

Results

As a result of this change, all new visuals created from this dataset will automatically use the new aggregation.

	Dashboard Designer
/ISUALS	DATA
Table 🛟	👻 🚕 World Life Expectancy 🥜 ズ
🔲 🚟 🔐 🗠 🕍	Q Search
hh 1234 🗥 📰 💻 🕴	Dimensions 10
🗱 🐝 🖂 🚱 🔧 🖏	✓ world_life_expectancy
** 🛹 💵 🌉 🛃 🕿	A country
💓 👥 🧼 📖 🗨 🗮	A year
	A country_5
	A alt_names
Dimensions	A code2
drag fields to add here	A code3
	A fips_code
Measures	A fips_country_name
# avg(life_expectancy)	A un_region
Tooltips	A un_subregion
drag fields to add here	Measures 6
± Filters	✓ world_life_expectancy
drag fields to add here	# Record Count
	1.2 life_expectancy
Limit: 100	1.2 gdp_per_capita
C REFRESH VISUAL	1.2 population
REFRESH VISUAL	# iso_cc
	# cdh_id

Creating calculated fields

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can easily create a new calculated field in the dataset, and subsequently use it in dashboards and visuals.

About this task

Sometimes the data in the base tables cannot be used directly, and you must use an expression to change or "correct" it. For other use cases, you can create a calculation based on one or more fields. Instead of adding these expression for every visual, you can create a new calculated field in the dataset.

The following steps demonstrate how to create a new field gdp (gross domenstic product) in the dataset World Life Expectancy [data source main.world_life_expectancy]. We define it by the following equation:

```
gdp = gdp_per_capita x population
```

Data Visualization supports three primary methods of editing fields at the dataset level: Basic, Expression, and Display Format. In this example, we make changes both on the Basic and Expression tabs. For innformation on how to use Display Format options, see *Changing the Field Display Format*.

Procedure

- 1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.
- **2.** In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (main.world_life_expectancy).

4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors					
Dataset Detail		Dataset: World Life Expectancy					
Related Dashboards	0						
Fields		Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖉					
Data Model		Table: main.world_life_expectancy					
Time Modeling		Connection Type: SQLite					
Data Extracts		Data Connection: samples 🛷					
Segments	0	Description: 🥜					
Permissions		Tags:					
		Join Elimination: Enabled 🥜					
		Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂					
		ID: 9					
		Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM					
		Created by: vizapps_admin					
		Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM					
		Last updated by: vizapps_admin					

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors	
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	0	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields Fields Hide Comments	
Fields		Dimensions	
Data Model Time Modeling Data Extracts		 world_life_expectancy A country A year A country_5 	11
Segments	0	A alt_names A code2	
Permissions		A code3 A fips_code A fips_country_name A un_region A un_subregion A comments	

- 6. Under Measures, find the field gdp_per_capita, and click the (down arrow) icon on its right side.
- 7. From the menu, select Clone.

Measures				
 world_life_expectancy 			(7
Mes 1.2 - life_expectancy				•
Mes 1.2 - gdp_per_capita	අ Clone	ŝ		
Mes 1.2 - population	🕫 Hide			
Mes # - iso_cc				•
Mes # - cdh_id			ø	•
Mes 1.2 - lat		Ø)	ø	•
Mes 1.2 V Ing		(گ	ľ	•

8. Under Measures, find the new cloned field Copy of gdp_per_capita, click the Edit (pencil) icon on its right side.

Measures		
✓ world_life_	expectancy	7
Mes 1.2 -	life_expectancy	1
Mes 1.2 -	gdp_per_capita	Edit Field
= Mes 1.2 -	Copy of gdp_per_capita	
Mes 1.2 -	population	<u> </u>
Mes # -	iso_cc	1 -
Mes # -	cdh_id	1 -
Mes 1.2 -	lat	Ø) 🢉 🚽
Mes 1.2 -	Ing	(1)

The Edit Field Parameters window modal appears, which supports three primary methods of editing fields. They match the three tabs of the modal: Basic, Expression, and Display Format.

Г

- 9. Make the following changes on the Basic tab:
 - a) Change Display Name to gdp.
 - b) Add Field Comment gdp_per_capita * population.
 - c) Ensure that the Default Aggregation is Sum.

Edit Field Param	eters			
Basic Settings	Expression	Display Format	Color	
Base Column: gdp	_per_capita			
Display Name				
gdp				
Field Comment				
gdp_per_capita * popu	lation			
Default Aggregation Sum Geo Type			~	
None			~	
 Show field in data Show field in Visu 				
 Use as a partition 	-	alytical Views		
Category		-		
	Measure			
		REMOVE	CANCEL	APPLY

10. Click the Expression tab and make the following changes:

- a) Change Expression to [gdp_per_capita] * [population].
- b) Click VALIDATE EXPRESSION to ensure that the calculation works.
- c) When the Validation Successful message appears on the modal, click APPLY.

٦

Basic Settings	Expression	Display Format	Color		
xpression					
Expression coni VALIDATE EXPRES Save expression	tains an aggregat	ion	Autocomplete on	All Functions AND avg BETWEEN CASE cast char COALESCE count	 All Fields A alt_names # cdh_id A code2 A code3 12 Copy of gdp A country A country. A country. A country. A fips_code A fips_code
Validation Succ	essful!				×

The new calculated field has an equal sign (=) notation.

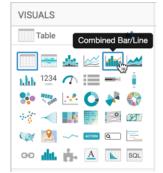
11. Under Dataset: World Life Expectancy, click SAVE.

Testing calculated fields

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can easily test whether a newly calculated field works correctly or not.

Procedure

- 1. Click New Dashboard in the top right corner of this interface.
- 2. Select the Combined Bar/Line visual type.



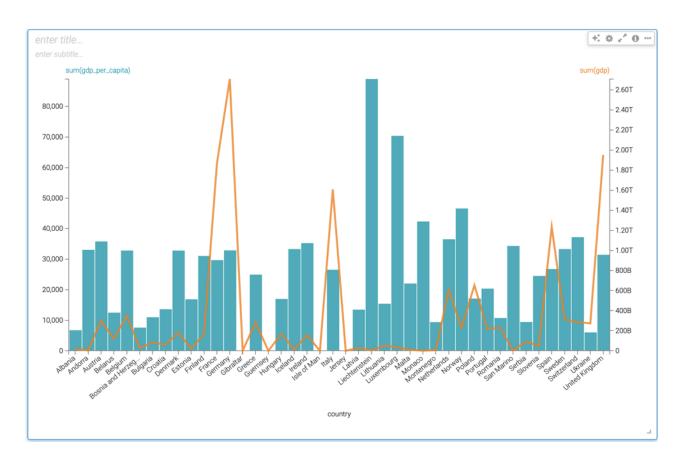
- 3. Populate the shelves from the available fields in the following way:
 - a) Under Dimensions, select country, and place it on the Dimensions shelf.
 - b) Under Dimensions, select year, and place it on the Filters shelf.
 - c) In the Filter for year modal window, under the Value tab, select the year 2010.
 - d) Under Dimensions, select un_region, and place it on the Filters shelf.
 - e) In the Filter for un_region modal window, under the Value tab, select Europe.
 - f) Under Measures, select gdp_per_capita, and place it on the Bar Measure shelf.
 - g) Under Measures, select gdp, and place it on the Line Measure shelf.
 - h) Click the arrow on gdp field.
 - i) In the Field Properties under Axis, select Secondary Axis.

	Dashboard Designer
VISUALS	FIELD PROPERTIES
Combo ★ ~ Image: Im	 Aggregates • Date/Time Functions Text Functions Change Type Order and Top K [] Enter/Edit Expression Axis •
A country Bar Measure # sum(gdp_per_capita) Line Measure # sum(gdp) Highlight Mark Measure	Display Format Alias Description Duplicate Save Expression
drag fields to add here Tooltips drag fields to add here ★ Filters ▲ year in (2010) ↓ ▲ un_region in (Europe) ↓ ★ REFRESH VISUAL	3 Remove

4. Click REFRESH VISUAL.

Results

The two measurements appear on the graph, superimposed on each other: the original gdp_per_capita represented by the bars, and the calculated gdp, represented by the line.



Changing the field display format

Cloudera Data Visualization lets you configure the display format of each field at the dataset level.

Procedure

1. In the World Life Expectancy dataset, click EDIT FIELDS.

2. Under Measures, find the field gdp_per_capita and click the (pencil) icon on its right side.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields ⊃UNDO Z REFRESH TITLE CASE SAVE Q Show Comments
Fields	To add a new calculated field, use the down arrow to the right of a field to clone it, and then edit the expression of the cloned field. Dimensions Measures
Data Model	weasures weasures weasures weasures world_life_expectancy 7
Time Modeling	Dim A - country
Segments	Dim A vear
Jegmenta	Dim A + country_5 Mes 12 + population Image:
Filter Associations	Dim A + alt_names
Permissions	Dim A v code2
	Dim A v code3
	Dim A + fips_coutry_name
	Dim A v un_region
	Dim A v un_subregion
	Dim A comments
	Dim A comments

The Edit Field Parameters modal window appears.

3. Click the Display Format tab.

Under Display Format, you have several options in the Category menu:

- None
- Real Number
- Integer
- Percentage
- Scientific
- Currency
- Date/Time
- Custom Format
- Custom Javascript

For more information, see:

Changing currency field display format

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can set currency display options for numerical fields across all visuals of a dataset.

About this task

Follow these steps to continue configuring a field at the dataset level for currency format. See *Changing the field display format* for the initial navigation steps.

Procedure

1. In the Edit Field Parameters modal window, under the Display Format tab, select Currency from the Category menu.

Edit Field Parameters	×
Basic Settings Display Format	Color
Base Column: total_amount	
Category	
None	~
None	
Real Number	
Integer	
Percentage	
Scientific	
✓ Currency	
Date/Time	
Custom Format	
Custom Javascript	

In the Currency Symbols menu, select the appropriate currency symbol: \$ (Dollar), £ (Pound), ¥ (Yen/Yuan), # (Rupee), € (Euro), or # (Cedi).

Edit Field Parameters			×
Basic Settings Display Format	Color		
Base Column: gdp_per_capita			
Category			
Currency			~
Example:			
12345.6789123	→	\$12,345.68	
Currency Symbols			
✓ \$ (Dollar)			•
£ (Pound) ¥ (Yen/Yuan)			
₹ (Rupee)			h
€ (Euro)			Ĺ
¢ (Cedi)			
No Currency Symbol			
For more documentation, go here			
		CANCEL	Y

3. Select the Basic Format for your records.

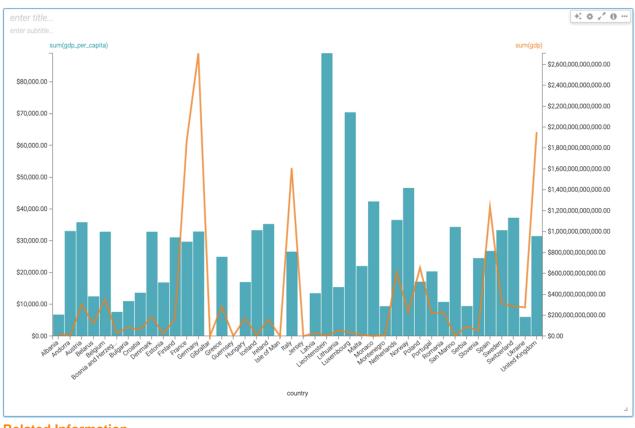
You can also define and apply a custom format. Enter a valid format mask in the Customize Currency text box. For a full list of options, see *Display Format Reference*.

Display Format			×
Category			
Currency			~
Example:			
12345.6789123	>	¢12,345.68	
Currency Symbols			
¢ (Cedi)			~
Basic Formats	None Real Number		
¢12,345.68	Integer		
Customize Currency	Percentage Scientific		
¢,.2f	✓ Currency		
For more documentation, go here	Date/Time Custom Format Custom Javascript		
		CLOSE	SAVE

- 4. Click APPLY.
- **5.** Click SAVE to save the changes to the dataset.
- 6. To verify that the format applies to all new visuals that use the field, create a new visual by repeating the steps in *Testing the Calculated Field*.

Results

The new visual displays the vertical axis numbers in currency format.



Related Information Changing the field display format Display format reference

Changing custom field display format

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can Set currency display options for numerical fields across all visuals of a dataset.

About this task

Follow these steps to continue configuring a field at the dataset level for custom format. See *Changing the field display format* for the initial navigation steps.

Procedure

1. In the Edit Field Parameters window modal, under the Display Format tab, select Custom Format from the Category menu.

- 2. Under Customize Format, enter \$S.
 - \$ appends the dollar currency symbol to the left of the number.
 - S simplifies the number by minimizing the significant numbers (which on the axes appear with a large number of trailing zeros) and appending the appropriate non-scientific (currency) suffix to the right of the number.



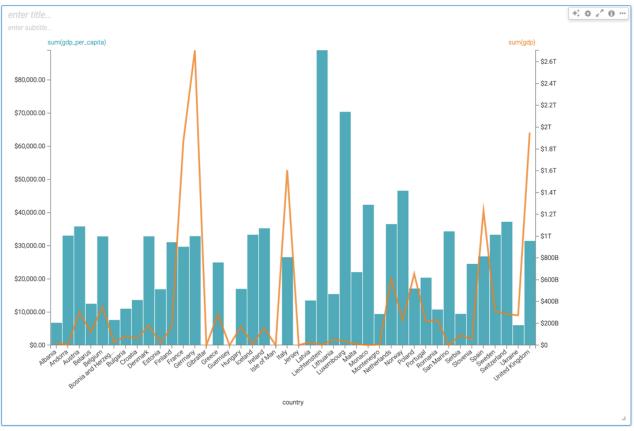
Display Format Examples demonstrate some of the available options for defining custom format.

Basic	Settings Expression	Display Format	Color	
ase Co	olumn: gdp_per_capita			
atego	'Y			
Custo	m Format			
xampl				
	12345.6789123	→	\$12.3456	789123k
\$S isplay	Format Examples: For mo	re documentation,	, go <u>here</u>	
isplay Enter	For Display	Enter	For Currencies	
isplay Enter f	For Display 12346	Enter \$	For Currencies \$12345	Shift+4
isplay Enter	For Display	Enter \$ £	For Currencies	
isplay Enter f	For Display 12346 12,346	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345	Shift+4 Alt+3
isplay Enter f ,f ,2f	For Display 12346 12,346 12,345.68	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345 ¥12345	Shift+4 Alt+3
isplay Enter f ,f ,2f \$,f .4s .4s	For Display 12346 12,345 12,345.68 \$12,345 12,35k (for SI notation) 12,35k (for currencies)	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345 ¥12345 ¥12345 ₹12345	Shift+4 Alt+3 Alt+Y
isplay Enter f ,f ,2f \$,f .4s .4s .4S .1s	For Display 12346 12,345 12,345.68 \$12,35k (for SI notation) 12,35k (for SI notation) 10k	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345 ¥12345 ¥12345 ₹12345	Shift+4 Alt+3 Alt+Y
isplay Enter f ,f ,2f \$,f .4s .4s .1s .2s	For Display 12346 12,346 12,345.68 \$12,345 12,35k (for SI notation) 12,35k (for SI notation) 12,35k (for currencies) 10k 12k	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345 ¥12345 ¥12345 ₹12345	Shift+4 Alt+3 Alt+Y
isplay Enter f ,f ,2f \$,f .4s .4s .4S .1s	For Display 12346 12,345 12,345.68 \$12,35k (for SI notation) 12,35k (for SI notation) 10k	Enter \$ £ ¥	For Currencies \$12345 £12345 ¥12345 ¥12345 ₹12345	Shift+4 Alt+3 Alt+Y

- **3.** Click APPLY.
- **4.** Save the changes to the dataset.
- **5.** [Optional] To verify that the format applies to all new visuals that use the field, create a new visual by repeating the steps in *Testing the calculated field*..

Results

When we use the \$S custom format on the gdp field, the visual still uses the dollar currency sign, but also simplifies/ abbreviates the number and shows the corresponding currency suffix. In the case of this visual, T for trillion; this custom format transforms the representation \$2,500,000,000,000.00 into \$2.5T.



Related Information Changing the field display format

Changing custom Javascript field display format

About this task

Follow these steps to continue configuring a field at the dataset level using Javascript (js). See *Changing the field display format* for initial navigation steps.

Procedure

- 1. In the Edit Field Parameters window modal, under the Display Format tab, select Custom Javascript from the Category menu.
- 2. Under Custom JS Format Function, enter the following js code:

```
function myFunc(value) {
   // Show the number in trillions with a dollar sign return
   '$${value/10000000000}';
```

}

Basic Settings	Expression	Display Format	Color	
Base Column: gd	p_per_capita			
Category				
Custom Javascript				
Example:				
Custom JS Format F Enter a custom funct modifications.	Function tion that takes a s	→ single value and ret	12345.6789123	ed
Autocomplete on Custom JS Format F Enter a custom funct modifications. 1 - function my 2	function tion that takes a s Func(<i>value</i>) [{ he number in tr	rillions with a d		d
Autocomplete on Custom JS Format F Enter a custom funct modifications. 1 - function my 2	unction tion that takes a s	rillions with a d	urns the value with the desire	:d
 Autocomplete on Custom JS Format F Enter a custom funct modifications. 1 - function my 2 // Show ti 3 return '\$ 	function tion that takes a s Func(<i>value</i>) [{ he number in tr	rillions with a d	urns the value with the desire	d
 Autocomplete on Custom JS Format F Enter a custom funct modifications. 1 - function my 2 // Show ti 3 return '\$ 	function tion that takes a s Func(<i>value</i>) [{ he number in tr	rillions with a d	urns the value with the desire	d

3. Click APPLY.

4. Save the changes to the dataset.

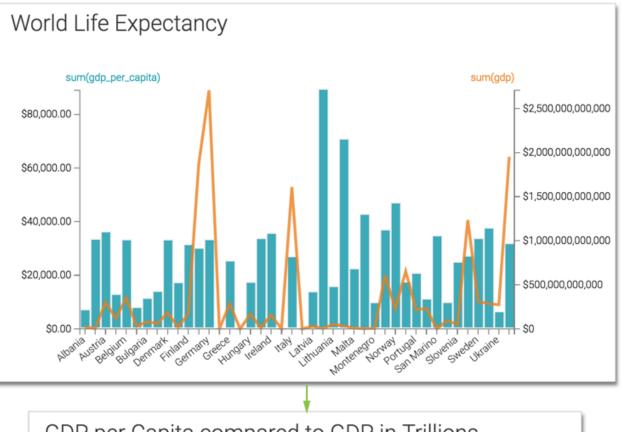
In this example, under Dataset: World Life Expectancy, click Save.

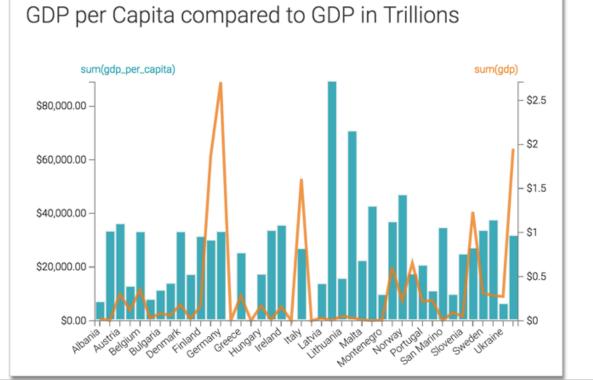
5. To verify that the format applies to all new visuals that use the field, repeat the steps in *Testing the calculated field*.

Results

Let's compare the visuals before and after we apply the js format on the gdp field.

- Before we apply the js format, the visual displays the currency with many trailing zeros.
- After applying the custom js format, notice that the trailing zeros no longer appear.





Related Information Changing the field display format

Changing data type

Cloudera Data Visualization allows you to change the effective data type of a column in the dataset model without changing the source data. This is useful in many business environments to ensure correct processing of numerical codes, catalog numbers, event IDs, dates, and so on.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to change the type of a column. The column iso_cc (the ISO-compliant country code) in the dataset World Life Expectancy [data source samples.world_life_expectancy] is used.

Procedure

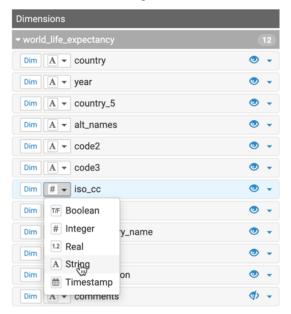
- 1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.
- 2. In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (samples.world_life_expectancy).
- 4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🥒
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 🤌
Segments	Description: 🥜
Permissions	Tags:
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋
	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂
	ID: 9
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA	0 · 0 · 4. ·
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields rear FIELDS Q+Hide Comments	I NEW DASHBOARD
Fields	Dimensions	Measures
Data Model	• world_life_expectancy	• world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	A country	12 life_expectancy
-	A year	12 gdp_per_capita
Data Extracts	A country_5	12 population
0	A alt_names	# iso_cc
Segments 0	A code2	# cdh_id
Permissions	A code3	12 lat
	A fips_code	12 Ing
	A fips_country_name	
	A un_region	
	A un_subregion	
	A comments	

- 6. Under Dimensions, find the field fips_code, and click the down arrow icon, immediately following the # icon.
- 7. In the menu, select String.



8. Under Dataset: World Life Expectancy, click Save.

Results

All new visuals created from this dataset will automatically use the new type.



Note: Use this functionality carefully, as it may break the visuals that already use the column in aggregations or custom expressions.

Specifying geographic fields

In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can explicitly specify a dataset field as one of the many supported geographical types.

About this task

In this example the dataset Canadian Census is used, constructed from example datasets, and joined of the fields fsa and Postal Code, respectively.

The following steps demonstrate how to assign Geo Types to a dataset field. We are using the two fields from the join of the Canadian Census dataset: fsa from canada_census_population_dwellings, and Postal Code from ca_postal_co des.



Note: Before creating visuals that use geographic data, specify the appropriate information as Geo Types.

Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the dataset that you must modify. In this example, the Food Stores Inspection in NYC dataset is used.
- 2. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.
- 3. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 🖋
Segments 0	Description: 🛷
Permissions	Tags:
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋
	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂
	ID: 9
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

4. Click the Edit (pencil) icon on the right side of the field.

Measures	
retail_food_store_inspections_current_critical_violations	Edit Field
Mes # * zip_code	- i -

5. In the Edit Field Parameters window modal, under Geo Type, select the appropriate option from the menu.

6. Click APPLY. For zip_code, we also changed the Display Name to Postal Code in the example.

Edit Field Parame	eters			>
Basic Settings	Display Format	Color		
Base Column: zip,	.code			
Display Name				
zip_code				
Field Comment				
Enter field comment				
Default Aggregation				
Sum			~	
Geo Type V None			n	
Latitude			p	
Longitude				
Country				
State				
County DMA				
ZIP Code/Postal Cod				
Shape ID	•			
			CANCEL	APPLY
			CANADER	APPEI

- 7. Under Dataset: Food Stores Inspection in NYC.
- 8. Click SAVE.

Results

The dataset can now be successfully used for map and interactive map visuals, without further adjustments at the level of the visual.

Adding field comments

When working with big data, it can be very helpful to have access to comprehensive field-level descriptions. In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can use field comments to provide the context and meaning of each dataset field.

Adding field comments in dataset

When working with large datasets data, it can be useful to have access to comprehensive field-level descriptions. In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can use field comments to provide the context and meaning of each dataset field.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to add description to a column of a dataset, as a 'comment'. In this example, the column iso_cc (the ISO-compliant country code) is used from the dataset World Life Expectancy [data source samp les.world_life_expectancy].

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- **2.** In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (samples.world_life_expectancy).
- 4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

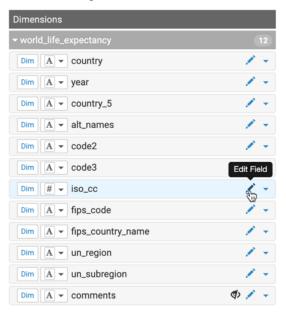
CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 💉
Segments 0	Description: 🥜
Permissions	Tags:
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖋
	Result Cache: From Connection 💉 😂
	ID: 9
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA	o. o. ≢
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields FIELDs GHIde Comments	II NEW DASHBOARD
Fields	Dimensions	Measures
Data Model	• world_life_expectancy	• world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	A country	1.2 life_expectancy
-	A year	1.2 gdp_per_capita
Data Extracts	A country_5	1.2 population
0	A alt_names	# iso_cc
Segments 0	A code2	# cdh_id
Permissions	A code3	12 lat
	A fips_code	12 Ing
	A fips_country_name	
	A un_region	
	A un_subregion	
	A comments	

6. Under Dimensions, find the field iso_cc, and click the down arrow icon on the right.

7. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.



The Edit Field Parameters window modal appears.

8. Under Field Comment, add the following text:

ISO 3166 Country Code Standard, Numeric, described in http://www.iso.org/iso/country_codes. Mappings are at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search.

9. Click APPLY.

Edit Field Parameters	×
Basic Settings Display Format Color	
Base Column: iso_cc	
Display Name	
iso_cc	
Field Comment	
ISO 3166 Country Code Standard, Numeric, described in http://www.iso.org/iso/country_codes. Mappings are at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search.	
Default Aggregation	
Sum	~
Geo Туре	
None	~
✓ Show field in data detail screen	
Show field in Visual Designer	
□ Use as a partition column for Analytical Views	
Category	
Dimension O Measure	
	CANCEL APPLY

10. Click SAVE in the top row.

11. Click Show Comments to display the field comment.

Dataset: World Life Expectancy		
Fields FIELDS Q Show Comments		
Dimensions	Measures	
 ✓ world_life_expectancy 12 	 world_life_expectancy 	(7)
A country	1.2 life_expectancy	
A year	1.2 gdp_per_capita	
A country_5	=[1.2] gdp	
A alt_names	1.2 population	
A code2	# cdh_id	
A code3	1.2 lat	
A iso_cc	1.2 Ing	
A fips_code		
A fips_country_name		
A un_region		
A un_subregion		
A comments		

12. To hide field comments, click Hide Comments.

Viewing field comments in Visual Builder

When working with big data, it can be very helpful to have access to comprehensive field-level descriptions. In Cloudera Data Visualization, you can use field comments to provide the context and meaning of each dataset field.

To view field comments in the Visual Builder, create a new visual using the World Life Expectancy dataset [data source samples.world_life_expectancy]. See *Creating visuals*..

The fields iso-cc and gdp-per-capita display a gray triangle on the top right corner of the field. Hover over the triangle to view the field comments defined in the dataset.

	Dashboard Designer	
VISUALS	DATA ×	DASH.
Table 🛟	🐣 World Life Expectancy 🕜 🔀	+II. Visuals
🔲 🚟 🞪 🖂 🕍 🛓	🛃 🔍 Search	+T
Lhh 1234 🗥 📰 💻	Dimensions (11)	Filters
* 🎭 🗠 💽 🧚 🄇	✓ world_life_expectancy	¢° Setting
••• 📶 🚰 🗸 💽	ISO 3166 Country Code Standard, Nun described in http://www.iso.org/iso/country_codes. Mappings are at https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search.	neric,
drag or click fields to add here	A iso_cc	U 🛷
Measures	A fips_code	
drag fields to add here	A fips_country_name	Setting
Tooltips	A un_region	Setting
drag fields to add here	A un_subregion	Style
1 Filters	Measures 6	
drag fields to add here	 world_life_expectancy 	
Lineta (400	# Record Count	
Limit: 100	1.2 life_expectancy	
C REFRESH VISUAL	1.2 gdp_per_capita	
	1.2 gdp	
	1.2 population	
	# cdh_id	

Automatically renaming dataset fields

Quite often, the column names of the base data tables are not very human-friendly. Cloudera Data Visualization gives you the option to automatically adjust field names at the level of the dataset.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to prevent data fields from appearing in visualizations and applications of dataset World Life Expectancy [data source samples.world_life_expectancy]. The fields comments, lat, and lng are empty, so they are good candidates for this operation.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (samples.world_life_expectancy).

4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 🖋
Segments	Description:
Permissions	Tags:
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🖉
	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂
	ID: 9
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		ö- 0- ≛, -
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards 3	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields Fields Hide Comments	I NEW DASHBOARD
Fields	Dimensions	Measures
Data Model	- world_life_expectancy	- world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	A country	12 life_expectancy
-	A year	12 gdp_per_capita
Data Extracts	A country_5	12 population
A	A alt_names	# iso_cc
Segments 0	A code2	# cdh_id
Permissions	A code3	12 lat
	A fips_code	12 Ing
	A fips_country_name	
	A un_region	
	A un_subregion	
	A comments	

6. Near the top of the page, click TITLE CASE.

ields Jundo SREFRESH	T TITLE CASE	SAVE Q Show Comments	
-	rrow to the right of a fi	eld to clone it, and then edit the expression of th	ne cloned field.
Dimensions		Measures	
world_life_expectancy	12	- world_life_expectancy	
Dim A - country	1 -	Mes 1.2 - life_expectancy	1
Dim A vear	1 -	Mes 1.2 - gdp_per_capita	1
Dim A - country_5	1 -	= Mes 12 - Copy of gdp_per_capita	1
Dim A - alt_names	1 -	Mes 1.2 - population	1
Dim A - code2	1 -	Mes # - cdh_id	1
Dim A - code3	1 -	Mes 1.2 V lat	🔷 🔇
	1 -	Mes 1.2 - Ing	⊄> ✓
Dim # v iso_cc	× *		
Dim A v fips_code	1.4		
Dim A - fips_country_name	1.4		
Dim A - un_region	1 -		
Dim A - un_subregion	1 -		
Dim A - comments	Ø) 🧷 👻		

The field titles change. For example, the Measure gdp_per_captia appears as GDP Per Capita.



Note: The Title Case option does not affect fields that are calculated over table fields, such as gdp.

7. Click SAVE.

Custom renaming dataset fields

Often, we find it useful to rename a frequently-used field directly in the dataset, instead of using an alias in each visual. Cloudera Visualization makes it very easy to change the display name of a dataset field.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to rename a field. We are using the column iso_cc (the ISO-compliant country code) in the dataset World Life Expectancy [data source: samples.world_life_expectancy].

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. In the left navigation menu, click samples.
- 3. In the Datasets area, select World Life Expectancy (samples.world_life_expectancy).

4. In the Dataset Detail menu, select Fields.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Detail
Related Dashboards	
Fields	Dataset: World Life Expectancy 🖋
Data Model	Table: main.world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	Connection Type: SQLite
Data Extracts	Data Connection: samples 🖋
Segments 0	Description: 🥜
Permissions	Tags:
	Join Elimination: Enabled 🥒
	Result Cache: From Connection 🖋 😂
	ID: 9
	Created on: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Created by: vizapps_admin
	Last updated: Jan 26, 2023 11:29 AM
	Last updated by: vizapps_admin

5. In the Fields interface, select EDIT FIELDS.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization		¢ × 0 × ≛ ,
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: World Life Expectancy Fields FIELDS GHIde Comments	I NEW DASHBOARD
Fields	Dimensions	Measures
Data Model	- world_life_expectancy	- world_life_expectancy
Time Modeling	A country	12 life_expectancy
-	A year	12 gdp_per_capita
Data Extracts	A country_5	12 population
0	A alt_names	# iso_cc
Segments 0	A code2	# cdh_id
Permissions	A code3	12 lat
	A fips_code	tz Ing
	A fips_country_name	
	A un_region	
	A un_subregion	
	A comments	

6. Under Dimensions, find the field iso_cc, and click the (down arrow) icon on the right.

7. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.

Dimensions	
- world_life_expectancy	12
Dim A - country	1.4
Dim A - year	1.1
Dim A - country_5	1.1
Dim A - alt_names	1.1
Dim A - code2	1 -
Dim A - code3	Edit Field
Dim # - iso_cc	-
Dim A - fips_code	× -
Dim A - fips_country_name	1.4
Dim A - un_region	1.1
Dim A - un_subregion	1.1
Dim A - comments	م 💉 🔸

The Edit Field Parameters window modal appears.



Note: The Base Column name cannot be edited, but you can change the Display Name of the column.

- 8. Change the Display Name from iso_cc to ISO Country Code.
- 9. Click APPLY.

10. Under Dataset: World Life Expectancy, click SAVE.

Results

All new visuals created from this dataset use the new name automatically.

Refreshing a dataset

You can refresh an existing dataset if the underlying tables change or if you update the associated extract with new or changed fields.

Procedure

- **1.** Click DATA on the main navigation bar.
 - The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- **2.** Click the dataset you want to refresh. The Detail view appears.

3. Select Fields in the Dataset Detail menu.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: doc-test-dataset2 Fields
Fields	Dimensions
Data Model	▼ cdv_doc_test_data
Time Modeling	A country A un_region
Data Extracts 3	A un_subregion
Segments	
Filter Associations	
Permissions	

4. In the Fields interface, click EDIT FIELDS REFRESH

HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset: doc-test-dataset2
FIEIDS Q Hide Comments
Dimensions
▼ cdv_doc_test_data
A country
A un_region
A un_subregion
HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors
Dataset: doc-test-dataset2
Fields DUNDO CREFRESH T TITLE CASE SAVE Show Comments

To add a new calculated field, use the down arrow to the right of a field to clone it, and then edit the expression of the cloned

Dimensions	
✓ cdv_doc_test_data	3
	Ø -
Dim A - un_region	Ø -
Dim A • un_subregion	Ø -

Data Visualization scans the table for changed fields. If no changes are detected, no refresh is done and a notification is displayed. If changes are detected, the table columns are updated and a notification is displayed about the change.

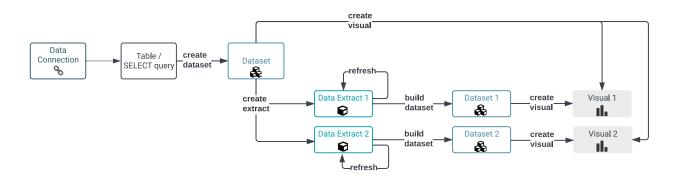
5. Close the notification.

Working with data extracts in Data Visualization

Data extracts are saved subsets of data that you can use for data discovery and analytics.

You create an extract to reduce the total amount of data you work with by selecting certain dimensions and measures. With the help of data extracts you can manage the analytical capabilities, performance, concurrency and security of data access in your system.

The following diagram shows you the workflow of building visualizations on top of data extracts:



Creating a data extract

Learn how you can extract data from a dataset to a table in the same or a different data connection.

About this task

You need the following privileges to work with data extracts:

- Manage dataset right for the source dataset
- Manage AVs/extracts right for source and target data connections.

Follow these steps to create a data extract:

Procedure

- Click DATA on the main navigation bar. The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- 2. In the left navigation panel, select the connection on which your source dataset is defined.
- 3. Select the dataset you want to use as a source for the data extract.
- **4.** Click Data Extracts in the left navigation panel.

In the Data Extracts view, you can create data extracts and manage extracts that exist from this dataset.

5. Click CREATE DATA EXTRACT.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME SQL VISUALS DATA Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors	A	٥-	0 -	å* vizapps_admin ◄
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards 3	Dataset Food Stores Inspection In NYC Data Extracts III CREATE DATA EXTRACT CREPRESH				II NEW DASHBOARD
Fields Data Model Time Modeling	No Data Extracts have been created on this dataset. Click on "Create Data Extract" above to create one.				
Data Extracts					
Segments O					
Filter Associations O Permissions					

The CREATE DATA EXTRACT modal window appears.

Create Data Extract

×

A Data Extract is a copy of the data in this dataset to a table in the same or a different Data Connection. Once	е
an extract is created, it can be refreshed manually or on a schedule.	

Refresh Schedule 📵	
Manual	\$
Farget Data Connection * 💿	
Select data connection	*
Target Database * 🗊	Target Table Name (starting with cdv_) * ()
	\$
* Please select at least one field below	
Q Search	0
Dimensions	✓ Use aggregate functions below ④
A cereal_name	Measures
A manufacturer_code	# Record Count
A cold_or_hot	□ # sum(calories)
A manufacturer_code_15	<pre>multiple # sum(protein_grams)</pre>
A manufacturer	<pre>multiple # sum(fat_grams)</pre>
	☐ # sum(sodium_mg)
	<pre># sum(dietary_fiber_grams)</pre>
	<pre>multiple sum(complex_carbohydrates_grams)</pre>
	<pre>multiple # sum(sugars_grams)</pre>
	<pre>multiple = multiple = multip</pre>
	<pre>multiple # sum(potassium_mg)</pre>
	# sum(vitamins_and_minerals)
	# sum(weight_ounces)

6. Select the frequency for the Data Extract refreshes.

The default is Manual, but you can create custom schedules. For more information, see *Managing schedule intervals*.

7. Select the data connection where the Data Extract will be stored.

It can be the same connection where the source dataset is or you can also choose a different connection.



Note: In Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW) you cannot choose SQLite data connections as targets because those connections are read-only.

8. Select the database on the previously selected connection where you want to store the Data Extract.

9. Enter a target table name, starting with cdv_.



Note: cdv_ is the default prefix for target table names. If you have admin privileges, you can change the prefix in the Advanced Site Settings by changing the value in DATA_EXTRACTS_TARGET_TAB LENAME_PREFIX = "cdv_".

10. Select the dimension and measure fields depending on what data you want to store in your extract.

If you want to use the selected measures as they are and you do not want the columns to be aggregated, deselect the Use aggregate functions below option.



Note: You must select at least one dimension or measure field.

When configuring a data extract, you can search for a column by name, as well as view the field types and complex data types available.

11. If you want to send an email confirmation about the extract's status, switch to the Advanced tab of the Create Data Extract modal window.



Important: The Advanced tab is only visible if you enabled sending visuals and receiving extract refresh status messages through email in Site Settings.

- a) Select what event(s) you want to be notified about success, failure or both.
- b) Add one or more email addresses as recipients.
- c) You can edit the default subject line of the notification email.

Create Data Extract

×

A Data Extract is a copy of the data in this dataset to a table in the same or a different Data Connection. Once an extract is created, it can be refreshed manually or on a schedule.

Data Extract	Advanced
Email Refresh Status Upon	Success Fail
То *	
Subject * 🗊	[< <extract_status>>] [Cloudera Data Visualization] Adhoc Data Extract: <<extract_id>></extract_id></extract_status>

12. Click CREATE DATA EXTRACT after all required fields are completed.

When the extract is created, you can refresh it manually or it will be refreshed on the schedule you defined in Step 5.

CANCEL

Dataset: I	ood Stores Inspectio	n in NYC						
Data	Extracts	III CREATE DATA EXTRACT	C REFRESH					II NEW DASHBOARD
ID	Target Connection	Target Table	Target Datasets	State	Last Successful Dun	Schedule	Columns	
ID	Target Connection	Target Table	Target Datasets	State	Last Successful Run	Schedule	Columns	



Note: After the source dataset becomes associated with the data extract, a new tag appears in the Datasets list showing Extract Source.

Results

The extract is created, and its state shows as Never run.

What to do next

You must run the extract to populate the target table and allow building a dataset or dashboard on the target table.

Related Information

Managing schedule intervals

Exploring data extract details

Learn how you can examine the available information about your data extracts.

Procedure

1. Click DATA on the main navigation bar.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. In the left navigation panel, select the connection where your source dataset is defined.
- 3. Select the dataset of your data extract.
- **4.** Click Data Extracts in the left navigation panel to display the Data Extracts view. You can see the list of available data extracts with the following information shown:
 - ID
 - Target Connection
 - Target Table
 - Target Datasets
 - State
 - Last Successful Run
 - Schedule
 - Columns

You can also access the following action buttons:

- Edit
- Run now
- Delete

Running a data extract

Learn how to run or refresh a data extract.

About this task

After creating a data extract, you must run it as an initial 'refresh' to populate the target table and allow building a dataset or dashboard on the target table. When the original data changes, becomes stale or invalid, you can manually refresh the extracted data by running your data extract.

Procedure

- **1.** Click DATA on the main navigation bar.
 - The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- 2. In the left navigation panel, select the connection where your source dataset is defined.
- 3. Select the dataset of your extract.

- 4. Click Data Extracts in the left navigation panel.
- 5. Select the data extract you want to run/refresh.
- 6. Click RUN NOW.

A confirmation modal window appears where you have to confirm the action.

7. Click RUN EXTRACT.

A green success message is displayed and while the refresh is in progress, the state of the extract shows as Running. When the refresh is successfully completed, the state of the extract changes to Success.

Dataset. Food Stores Inspection in NYC								
Data	Extracts 💷	REATE DATA EXTRACT	2 REFRESH					II NEW DASHBOARD
10				0		0 -1-1-1-	0.1	
ID	Target Connection	Target Table	Target Datasets	State	Last Successful Run	Schedule	Columns	
6 🐵	% doc-test	main.cdv_test_extract	CREATE DATASET	Success	2023-01-30 16:09:25	Manual	Dimensions: county, owner	PEDIT CRUN NOW EDLETE

You can check out the extract refresh job logs on the Job Logs tab of the Jobs page. For more information, see *Job log*.

LOUDERA ata Visualiza	ation	но	ME SQL VISU/	ALS DATA							4	•	0-	4 '	* vizapps_admin ×
Туре:	All Adhoc	Email Sch	eduled Email T	hreshold Email Data Extrac	:t										
Status:	All Error	Finished	Running Cance	lled	Creator:	All *									
Status	Job ID	Log ID	Туре	Name 💧	Details		- Ini	itiated by	Start Time	Total Run Time					
Finished	11	71	Data Extract	Adhoc Data Extract: 6	& Source Dataset: Food 5 % Target Data Connection Target Table: main.cdv.	: doc-test	viz	zapps_admin	2023-01-30 16:09	a few seconds	0 DET	AILS C'R	N NOW X		
Finished	7	70	Data Extract	Data Extract: 4	 Source Dataset: doc-test-dataset2 Target Data Connection: doc-test Target Table: main.cdv_world_misc_data 			zapps_admin	2023-01-30 15:31	a few seconds	Ø DET	AILS C'R	NNOW	CANCEL	
Finished	10	57	Data Extract	Adhoc Data Extract: 2	Source Dataset: doc-te Target Data Connection Target Table: main.cdv	: doc-test	viz	zapps_admin	2023-01-27 14:16	a few seconds	0 DET	AILS C'R	NNOW		
Finished	9	47	Data Extract	Adhoc Data Extract: 3	Source Dataset: doc-te Target Data Connection Target Table: main.cdv	: doc-test	viz	zapps_admin	2023-01-27 11:08	a few seconds	0 DET	AILS C R	N NOW ×	CANCEL	
Finished	8	46	Data Extract	Adhoc Data Extract: 2	 Source Dataset: doc-test-dataset2 Target Data Connection: doc-test Target Table: main.cdv_world_population 		viz	zapps_admin	2023-01-27 11:08	a few seconds	0 DET	AILS C'R	NNOW		
Finished	6	6	Data Extract	Adhoc Data Extract: 4	Source Dataset: doc-te Target Data Connection Target Table: main.cdv	: doc-test	viz	zapps_admin	2023-01-26 14:11	a few seconds	0 DET	AILS C'R	NNOW	CANCEL	0

You can configure extracts to be automatically refreshed, and you can define a schedule for the automatic refreshes to update the data included in the extract.

If you set a refresh schedule for the extract to run, you can see the job logs on the Scheduled Jobs tab of the Jobs page. For more information, see *Scheduled jobs*.

Job Lo	Dgs (last few)	manage Schedule Intervals						DELETE SELECTED	C'RUN NOW	▶ RESUN
pe:	All Scheduled Email Threshol	d Email Data Extract								
atus:	All Error Finished Running	Cancelled Paused	Creator:	All						
b ID	🗄 Type 🔶 Name 🔶	Details	Created By	Schedule	Last Run 🏦	Next Run 💧 L	ast Status			C
	Data Extract Data Extract: 4	 Source Dataset: doc-test-dataset2 Target Data Connection: doc-test Target Table: main.cdv_world_misc_data 	vizapps_admin	Custom refresh schedule	2023-01-30 15:31	2023-01-30 16:15	0	ETAILS FEDIT CRUN NOW	PAUSE	(

You can edit an existing schedule in the Edit Data Extract modal window from the Data Extracts view. For more information, see *Editing a data extract*. Or you can also update an existing schedule in the Manage Schedule Intervals interface. For more information, see *Changing schedule intervals*.

Related Information Job log Scheduled jobs

Editing a data extract Changing schedule intervals

Creating a dataset from a data extract

Learn how to create a second dataset built on the extracted data, which is used as the dataset for building visuals.

Procedure

- 1. Click DATA on the main navigation bar.
 - The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- 2. Click Data Extracts.
- 3. Find the data extract that you want to use for the new dataset.
- 4. Click CREATE DATASET.

Dataset:	doc-test-dataset2							
Data	Extracts 🛛 🎟	CREATE DATA EXTRACT	FRESH					II NEW DASHBOAR
ID	Target Connection	Target Table	Target Datasets	State	Last Successful Run	Schedule	Columns	
2 🕲	% doc-test	main.cdv_world_population	doc-test-dataset-population	Success	2023-01-27 14:16:49	Manual	Dimensions: country, un_re	✓ EDIT C RUN NOW DELETE
3 🛛	% doc-test	main.cdv_world-life-expect	doc-test-dataset-life-expec main-world-life-expectancy CREATE DATASET	Success	2023-01-27 11:08:59	Manual	Dimensions: country, year, I	✓ EDIT C RUN NOW
4 🕲	% doc-test	main.cdv_world_misc_data	doc-test-dataset-misc CREATE DATASET	Success	2023-01-30 16:16:18	Custom refresh schedule	Dimensions: country	✓ EDIT C RUN NOW DELETE

5. Add a name in the Dataset title field and click CREATE.



Note: After the dataset becomes associated with a data extract, a new tag appears in the Datasets list showing Extract Target.

Editing a data extract

Learn about the option to edit the data extract after it has been created.

Procedure

- Click DATA on the main navigation bar. The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.
- **2.** Click Data Extracts.

3. Select the data extract you want to edit and click EDIT.

The Edit Data Extract modal window appears.

Edit Data Extract		
A Data Extract is a copy of the da an extract is created, it can be re		e in the same or a different Data Connection. Once chedule.
Data Extract Advanced		
Refresh Schedule ()		
Manual	\$	
arget Data Connection * 💿		
doc-test	•	
Target Database * 📵	Tar	get Table Name (starting with cdv_) * 🗊
main	ж "	dv_world_population
* Please select at least one field below		Use aggregate functions below
country		Measures
✓ un_region		Record Count
		sum(year)
		sum(life_expectancy)
		sum(population)

- **4.** Make changes in the available fields.
 - You can set a Data Extract refresh schedule.
 - You can change the target data connection and database.
 - You can update the name of the target table.
 - You can add or remove dimension and measure columns.



Important: If you change the target data connection, target database, target table name or target table fields the target table will be deleted and a new one will be created.

5. If you want to send an email confirmation about the extract's status, switch to the Advanced tab of the Edit Data Extract modal window.



Important: The Advanced tab is only visible if you enabled sending visuals and receiving extract refresh status messages through email in Site Settings.

- a) Select what event(s) you want to be notified about success, failure or both.
- b) Add one or more email addresses as recipients.
- c) You can edit the default subject line of the notification email.
- 6. Click EDIT DATA EXTRACT to save your changes.

Deleting a data extract

Learn how you can delete a data extract.

About this task

For various business reasons or because the extract has become invalid, you may choose to delete an existing data extract.

Procedure

1. Click DATA on the main navigation bar.

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

- 2. Click Data Extracts.
- 3. Select the data extract you want to edit and click DELETE.

A confirmation modal window appears where you have to confirm the action.



Important: Deleting an extract does not automatically remove the associated target table. The confirmation modal offers you an option to drop the target table when deleting the extract. If you want to delete the target table, mark the checkbox.

Confirmation		×
Confirm that you want to delete this ex Extract" button.	stract by clicking the "De	elete
Note that deleting this extract will NOT want to also delete the extract target t	0	,
□ Delete extract table		
	CANCEL	EXTRACT

4. Click DELETE EXTRACT.



Note: Deleting an extract does not delete the target table or any datasets that were created on the extract target.

Working with data models in Data Visualization

You can expand the basic one-table dataset by creating joins with other relevant tables from the same or other data stores. Combining data across multiple tables enriches the dataset considerably. It enables you to conduct much more meaningful research and produce insightful visual analytics.

There are two distinct approaches for creating data joins for the purpose of visualization:

- Defining in UI is ideal for datasets that include star-type schemas.
- Defining on back end ETL is preferable for fact-fact joins, so they may be pre-materialized.

Related Information

Data modeling

Creating a join

Learn how you can create new data joins in a dataset in CDP Data Visualization.

About this task

This example shows you how to create new data joins using the Flight Delays dataset.

Procedure

1. On the main navigation bar, click DATA.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME	VISUALS	DATA	Q find titles, viz types, datasets, authors	8	Q SEARCH	۰.	0 -	≜* vizapps_admin v

The Data view appears, open on the Datasets tab.

Δ arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DAT	TA Q search title	es, viz types, datasets, authors 🚷	s	SEARCH 🌣 🗸	🛛 🗸 🔺 admin 🗸
% NEW CONNECTION	& NEW DATASET	D DATA	Available only on Arcadia, Impala Hive, and KSQL con		Available only o connection	
% samples	🗞 Datasets 🏼 🌀	E Connection E	Explorer >_ Direct Access	Analytical Views	358 0	
On Arcadia, Impala, and SQLite Connections						

- **2.** Create a new dataset based on the sample datafile.
- **3.** Find the dataset in the list of datasets, either by scrolling or by using search, and click it. Dataset side navigation appears, open at Dataset Detail view.
- **4.** In the side navigation menu, click Data Model.

The Data Model view appears, and shows the name of the only table in the dataset. You may click SHOW DATA to display the data of that table.

ARCADIA DATA	ном	E VISU	ALS D	ATA				¢ -	HELP	🗕 🔒 adm	
Dataset Detail	Data	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥒									
Related Dashboards	Data	Data Model <i>edit data model</i>									
Fields											
Data Model	flig	hta 2014									
Analytical Views	Ing	flights_2014									
Events 0	⊞	HIDE DAT	ΓA								
Segments 0											
	year	quarter	month	dayofmonth	dayofweek	flightdate	uniquecarrier	airlineid	carrier	tailnum	1
Filter Associations 0 Permissions	2014	1	1	21	2	2014-01- 21 00:00:00	AA	19805	AA	N514AA	:
	2014	1	1	22	3	2014-01- 22 00:00:00	AA	19805	AA	N502AA	:

5. Click EDIT DATA MODEL.

\bigwedge arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards	Data Model 🖉 EDIT DATA MODEL
6. Click the plus sign on the table representation	

Δ arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥒
Related Dashboards	Data Model วแทบง 🕹 save
Fields	
Data Model	
Analytical Views	flights_2014

The Table Browser modal window appears.

- 7. In the Table Browser modal window, make the following selections:
 - In the Database Name selector, choose the database documentation.



Note: You can join tables from different databases. This value is pre-populated to match the dataset's existing table, but it may be changed.

- In the Table Name selector, choose the table name airline_id.
- This value is pre-populated to match the existing table of the dataset, but it may be changed.
- Click SELECT.

Table Browser

×

Choose the table you want to join. You will be able to select the columns that are joined in the next step.

Database Name	
documentation	* *
Table Name	
airline_id	* *
	CANCEL SELECT

The Edit Join modal window appears.

- 8. In the Edit Join modal window, the following options are available:
 - a. [Optional] Click Clear Fields to clear all already defined joins between the two tables.
 - **b.** [Optional] Click sample data to preview the data. Click again to hide sample data.
 - c. [Optional] Click Add Join Pair to add another column connection between the same two tables.
 - d. [Optional] Click Add Join Expression to add a join between the two tables based on a custom SQL expression.
 - e. [Optional] Click icon (minus) to remove an existing join pair or an existing join expression.
 - **f.** [Optional] Under Join Expressions, click the text box to open the Join Expression interface and specify or update a custom SQL expression that defines the join conditions.
 - **g.** Click APPLY to save the changes.

Edit Join	×
CLEAR FIELDS 1	
documentation.flights_2014	documentation.state_abbreviations
deststate 🔶 =	abbreviation 🗘 🗢
sample data 🛛 🔲 Foreign Key	sample data 🛛 Foreign Key
Join Expressions If you enter multiple expressions they will a [deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay] =	utomatically have an "AND" logic between them
Click to update in SQL expression editor	9
+ ADD JOIN PAIR 3 + ADD JOIN EXPRESSION	ON 4
	CANCEL APPLY (7)

- 9. In the Edit Join modal window, do the following:
 - Select the matching columns for both tables. On the left side, select the field airlineid. On the right side, select the field code.
 - Click Sample Data to view some data in both columns, and verify that the join makes sense. Click again to hide sample data.

10. Click APPLY.

Edit Join)
CLEAR FIELDS						
documentation.flight	s_2014		documentation.airli	ne_id		
airlineid	\$	=	code		÷ O	
			L comple data	- Eoroigr	Kov	
sample data	Foreign Key		sample data	Foreigr	rtey	
Join Expressions f you enter multiple o	expressions they wi	ill au	·		-	m
Join Expressions	expressions they wi	ill au	·		-	m
Join Expressions f you enter multiple o	expressions they wi	ill au or	itomatically have an		-	m
Join Expressions f you enter multiple of Click to update in S	expressions they wi	ill au or	utomatically have an		-	m

11. Repeat the previous two steps to create seven more joins as follows:

- The table airport_codes has two joins to the main table, and you must create each join separately as follows:
 - Left column origin = right column code.
 - Left column dest = right column code.
- The table cancellation_code has a join for left column cancellationcode = right column code.
- The table airport_lat_long has two joins to the main table, and you must create each join separately as follows:
 - Left column origin = right column locationid.
 - Left column dest = right column locationid.
- The table state_abbreviations has two joins to the main table, and you must create each join separately:
 - Left column deststate = right column abbreviation.
 - Left column originstate = right column abbreviation.

This step is optional, and depends on whether your flights_* table has fully extended state names.

12. Click SAVE.

▲ ARCADIA DATA	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards	Data Model วบทอด Lave
Fields	
Data Model	flights_2014
Analytical Views	
Events 0	airport_codes •
Segments 3	airport_codes_1
Filter Associations	← Cancellation_code ♥
Permissions	airport_lat_long •
	airport_lat_long_1 🔿
	state_abbreviati •
	state_abbreviati •

13. Click the (link) icon to edit joins or to change join type.

Changing join types

Learn how you can change the join type in a table in CDP Data Visualization.

About this task

The following steps demonstrate how to change the join type in the airport_codes table from the default Left join to the Right join.

Procedure

1. Navigate to the Data Model page of the dataset.

2. Click Edit Data Model to edit the data model.

Δ arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards	Data Model 🖍 EDIT DATA MODEL

 Click the (link) icon that represents the connection that must be changed. In our example, we clicked the join with the table airport_codes.

Δ arcadia dat	TA	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail		Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards		Data Model SUNDO SAVE
Fields		
Data Model		flights_2014
Analytical Views	0	
Events	0	
Segments	3	airport_codes_1
Filter Associations	0	← Cancellation_code ↔
Permissions		airport_lat_long 📀
		airport_lat_long_1 📀
		state_abbreviati 📀
		state_abbreviati 📀

The Join Details modal window appears.

4. In the Join Details modal window, select an alternate join type.

For example, instead of the default Left join, select Right join.

Join Details		Join Details
Inner Left	Right Outer	Inner Left Right Outer
Source Column	Target Column	Source Column Target Column
origin	code	origin code
DELETE JOIN	EDIT JOIN DETAILS	DELETE JOIN EDIT JOIN DETAILS

- 5. Click outside the Join Details modal window, or click Edit Join Details.
- 6. Click Save.

Editing join details

Learn how you can change the specifications of existing table joins in CDP Data Visualization.

About this task

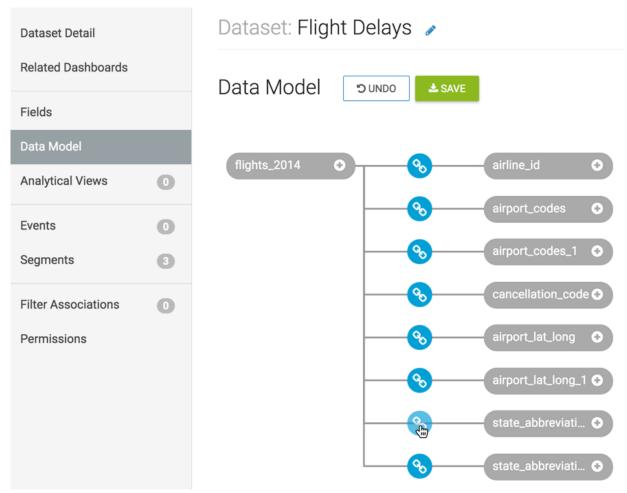
To demonstrate how to create new data joins, we used dataset Flight Delays, based on data previously imported from a sample datafile

Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the Data Model page of the dataset.
- 2. Click Edit Data Model to edit the data model.

Δ arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards	Data Model 🖉 EDIT DATA MODEL

3. Click the (link) icon beside the state_abbreviations connection.



The Join Details modal window appears.

4. Click Edit Join.



- 5. In the Edit Join modal window, the following options are available:
 - a. [Optional] Click Clear Fields to clear all already defined joins between the two tables.
 - **b.** [Optional] Click sample data to preview the data. Click again to hide sample data.
 - c. [Optional] Click Add Join Pair to add another column connection between the same two tables.
 - d. [Optional] Click Add Join Expression to add a join between the two tables based on a custom SQL expression.
 - e. [Optional] Click icon (minus) to remove an existing join pair or an existing join expression.
 - **f.** [Optional] Under Join Expressions, click the text box to open the Join Expression interface. There, specify or update a custom SQL expression that defines the join conditions.
 - **g.** Click Apply to save the changes.

Edit Join	~
CLEAR FIELDS 1	
documentation.flights_2014	documentation.state_abbreviations
deststate 🔶 =	= abbreviation 💠 🗢
• sample data	sample data 📃 Foreign Key
Join Expressions	automatically have an "AND" logic between them
[deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay]	> 5 6
Click to update in SQL expression editor	•
+ ADD JOIN PAIR 3 + ADD JOIN EXPRESS	SION 4
	CANCEL APPLY 7

- **6.** To add a a join expression and replace the original field:field join, perform the following steps in the Edit Join modal window:
 - **a.** Remove the initial join between the two columns by clicking the (minus) icon.
 - **b.** Under Join Expressions, click the text box to open the Join Expression interface.

Here you can specify or update the custom SQL expression that defines the join conditions.

Edit Join			×
CLEAR FIELDS			
documentation.flights_2014		documentation.state_abbreviations	
deststate 🔶	=	abbreviation 🜲	•
sample data 📃 Foreign Key	í	sample data 📃 Foreign Key	ŝ
Join Expressions If you enter multiple expressions they w Click to update in SQL expression edit		tomatically have an "AND" logic between	them
+ ADD JOIN PAIR + ADD JOIN EXPR	ESSIC	DN	

CANCEL

APPLY

×

.lm

- 7. In the Join Expression modal window, perform the following steps:
 - **a.** Enter the following expression to show only flights that have significant arrival delay, more than five minutes:

```
[deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay] > 5
```

b. Click Apply to save the expression and return to the Edit Join modal window.

```
Join Expression
```

[deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay] > 5	All Functions	All Fields \$
	abs	A abbreviation
	acos	# actualelapse
	add_months	# airlineid
	adddate	# airtime
	AND	T/F arrdel15
	appx_median	# arrdelay
	ascii	# arrdelayminut
VALIDATE EXPRESSION	asin asin	# arrivaldelaygr
	atan	# arrtime

CANCEL APPLY

- 8. In the Edit Join modal window, perform the following steps:
 - **a.** Verify that the initial join between the two columns is deleted and the new join expression appears under Join Expressions.
 - **b.** Click Apply.

Edit Join	×
CLEAR FIELDS	
documentation.flights_2014 documentation.state_abbreviations	
▶ sample data	
Join Expressions If you enter multiple expressions they will automatically have an "AND" logic between the	m
[deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay] > 5	0
Click to update in SQL expression editor	•

[deststate]=[abbreviation] AND [arrdelay] > 5	•
Click to update in SQL expression editor	•
+ ADD JOIN PAIR + ADD JOIN EXPRESSION	
CANCEL	æ

The Data Model interface appears. You can click Show Data to display the updated table.

9. [Optional] To revert this change prior to saving, click Undo.

10. Click Save.

Deleting a join

Learn how you can remove an existing join between tables.

Procedure

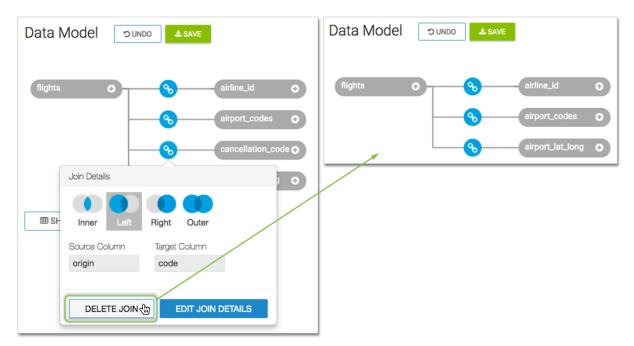
1. Navigate to the Data Model page of the dataset.

2. Click Edit Data Model to edit the data model.

Δ arcadia data	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail	Dataset: Flight Delays 🥜
Related Dashboards	Data Model 🖉 EDIT DATA MODEL

- **3.** Click the (link) icon that represents the connection that must be changed. The Join Details modal window appears.
- 4. Click Delete Join.

In our example, we deleted the cancellation_code connection. Notice that this table no longer appears in the Data Model.



- 5. [Optional] To revert this change prior to saving, click Undo.
- 6. Click Save.

Applying field display format on sample data

Learn how you can test field display formats you have configured.

Procedure

1. Navigate to the Data Model page of the dataset.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISUALS DATA
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: NYC Taxicab Rides Detail Data Model ⊃UNDO ▲SAVE
Fields	
Data Model	trips_detail
Time Modeling	
Segments 0	SHOW DATA
Filter Associations	
Permissions	
Extract Job Logs	

2. Select Apply Display Format.

Selecting/deselecting the checkbox applies or removes the formatting without refetching the data.



Note: The display format checkbox setting will be remembered.

For information on how to configure field display at the dataset level, see *Changing the field display format*.

3. You can click SHOW DATA to view a sample of your data model.

CLOUDERA Data Visualization	HOME VISU	IALS DATA								¢	- 0-	🛔 viza	pps_admin 🗸
Dataset Detail Related Dashboards	Dataset: NYC Taxi		🕹 SAVE								(III NEW D	ASHBOARD
Fields													
Data Model	trips_detail	0		trips	0								
Time Modeling													
Segments 0		III HIDE DATA											
Filter Associations	Apply Display I	Apply Display Format trips_detail							trips				
Permissions	pickup_datetime	e passenger_count	trip_distance	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	dropoff_latitude	pickup_neighborhood	trips pickup_neighborhood	pickup_boro	pickup_hour	ride_cnt	total_amoi
Extract Job Logs	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	0	44	2138.2
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	1	263	13743.07
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	2	463	24303.97
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	3	895	45841.37
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	4	1076	52089.04
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	5	1127	52571.34
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	6	1138	50456.47
	2013-10-07 20:13:00	1	10	-73.8734512329	40.7741127014	-73.9803848267	40.7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	7	1033	47973.92
	2013-10-07	1	10	-73 8734512329	40 7741127014	-73 9803848267	40 7706794739	Airport	Airport	Queens	8	1050	47469 01

Related Information

Changing the field display format