

ListenHTTP filter to Kafka

Date published: 2021-04-06

Date modified: 2024-01-09

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ReadyFlow overview: ListenHTTP filter to Kafka

You can use the ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow to listen to JSON, CSV or Avro events on a specified port and write them to CDP Kafka.

This ReadyFlow listens to a JSON, CSV or Avro data stream on a specified port and parses the schema by looking up the schema name in the CDP Schema Registry. You can filter events by specifying a SQL query in the 'Filter Rule' parameter. The filtered events are then converted to the specified output data format and written to the destination CDP Kafka topic. Failed Kafka write operations are retried automatically to handle transient issues. Define a KPI on the 'failure_WriteToKafka' connection to monitor failed write operations.



Note:

The default filter criteria allows all records to pass through. The ListenHTTP processor is configured to use mutual TLS authentication.

ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow details

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Source | ListenHTTP Processor |
| Source Format | JSON, CSV, Avro |
| Destination | CDP Kafka Topic |
| Destination Format | JSON, CSV, Avro |

Moving data with a ListenHTTP filter to Kafka flow

You can use a ListenHTTP filter to Kafka data flow when you want to stream records from a non-CDP source location to a CDP managed Kafka Topic.

Prerequisites

Learn how to collect the information you need to deploy the ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow, and meet other prerequisites.

For your data ingest source

- You have the port to listen on for incoming HTTP events.

For DataFlow

- You have enabled DataFlow for an environment.

For information on how to enable DataFlow for an environment, see [Enabling DataFlow for an Environment](#).

- You have created a Machine User to use as the CDP Workload User.
- You have given the CDP Workload User the EnvironmentUser role.

- From the Management Console, go to the environment for which DataFlow is enabled.
- From the Actions drop down, click Manage Access.
- Identify the user you want to use as a Workload User.





Note:

The CDP Workload User can be a machine user or your own user name. It is best practice to create a dedicated Machine user for this.

- Give that user EnvironmentUser role.


- You have synchronized your user to the CDP Public Cloud environment that you enabled for DataFlow.
For information on how to synchronize your user to FreeIPA, see [Performing User Sync](#).
- You have granted your CDP user the DFCatalogAdmin and DFFlowAdmin roles to enable your user to add the ReadyFlow to the Catalog and deploy the flow definition.
 1. Give a user permission to add the ReadyFlow to the Catalog.
 - a. From the Management Console, click User Management.
 - b. Enter the name of the user or group you wish to authorize in the Search field.
 - c. Select the user or group from the list that displays.
 - d. Click Roles Update Roles .
 - e. From Update Roles, select DFCatalogAdmin and click Update.



Note: If the ReadyFlow is already in the Catalog, then you can give your user just the DFCatalogViewer role.
 2. Give your user or group permission to deploy flow definitions.
 - a. From the Management Console, click Environments to display the Environment List page.
 - b. Select the environment to which you want your user or group to deploy flow definitions.
 - c. Click Actions Manage Access to display the Environment Access page.
 - d. Enter the name of your user or group you wish to authorize in the Search field.
 - e. Select your user or group and click Update Roles.
 - f. Select DFFlowAdmin from the list of roles.
 - g. Click Update Roles.
 3. Give your user or group access to the Project where the ReadyFlow will be deployed.
 - a. Go to DataFlow Projects .
 - b. Select the project where you want to manage access rights and click  More Manage Access .
 4. Start typing the name of the user or group you want to add and select them from the list.
 5. Select the Resource Roles you want to grant.
 6. Click Update Roles.
 7. Click Synchronize Users.

For your data ingest target

- You have created a Streams Messaging cluster in CDP Public Cloud to host your Schema Registry.
For information on how to create a Streams Messaging cluster, see [Setting up your Streams Messaging Cluster](#).
- You have created at least one Kafka topic.
 1. Navigate to Management Console > Environments and select your environment.
 2. Select your Streams Messaging cluster.
 3. Click on the Streams Messaging Manager icon.
 4. Navigate to the Topics page.
 5. Click Add New and provide the following information:
 - Topic name
 - Number of partitions
 - Level of availability
 - Cleanup policy



Tip: SMM has automatically set Kafka topic configuration parameters. To manually adjust them, click Advanced.
 6. Click Save.

- You have created a schema for your data and have uploaded it to the Schema Registry in the Streams Messaging cluster.

For information on how to create a new schema, see [Creating a new schema](#). For example:

```
{
  "type": "record",
  "name": "SensorReading",
  "namespace": "com.cloudera.example",
  "doc": "This is a sample sensor reading",
  "fields": [
    {
      "name": "sensor_id",
      "doc": "Sensor identification number.",
      "type": "int"
    },
    {
      "name": "sensor_ts",
      "doc": "Timestamp of the collected readings.",
      "type": "long"
    },
    {
      "name": "sensor_0",
      "doc": "Reading #0.",
      "type": "int"
    },
    {
      "name": "sensor_1",
      "doc": "Reading #1.",
      "type": "int"
    },
    {
      "name": "sensor_2",
      "doc": "Reading #2.",
      "type": "int"
    },
    {
      "name": "sensor_3",
      "doc": "Reading #3.",
      "type": "int"
    }
  ]
}
```

- You have the Schema Registry Host Name.
 1. From the Management Console, go to Data Hub Clusters and select the Streams Messaging cluster you are using.
 2. Navigate to the **Hardware** tab to locate the Master Node FQDN. Schema Registry is always running on the Master node, so copy the Master node FQDN.

- You have the Kafka broker end points.
 - From the Management Console, click Data Hub Clusters.
 - Select the Streams Messaging cluster from which you want to ingest data.
 - Click the Hardware tab.
 - Note the Kafka Broker FQDNs for each node in your cluster.
 - Construct your Kafka Broker Endpoints by using the FQDN and Port number 9093 separated by a colon. Separate endpoints by a comma. For example:

```
broker1.fqdn:9093,broker2.fqdn:9093,broker3.fqdn:9093
```

Kafka broker FQDNs are listed under the **Core_broker** section.

- You have the Kafka Consumer Group ID.
This ID is defined by the user. Pick an ID and then create a Ranger policy for it. Use the ID when deploying the flow in DataFlow.
- You have assigned the CDP Workload User policies to access the consumer group ID and topic.
 - Navigate to Management Console > Environments, and select the environment where you have created your cluster.
 - Select Ranger. You are redirected to the Ranger **Service Manager** page.
 - Select your Streams Messaging cluster under the **Kafka** folder.
 - Create a policy to enable your Workload User to access the Kafka source topic.
 - On the **Create Policy** page, give the policy a name, select topic from the drop-down list, add the user, and assign the Consume permission.
 - Create another policy to give your Workload User access to the consumer group ID.
 - On the **Create Policy** page, give the policy a name, select consumergroup from the drop-down list, add the user, and assign the Consume permission.
- You have assigned the CDP Workload User read-access to the schema.
 - Navigate to Management Console > Environments, and select the environment where you have created your cluster.
 - Select Ranger. You are redirected to the Ranger **Service Manager** page.
 - Select your Streams Messaging cluster under the **Schema Registry** folder.
 - Click Add New Policy.
 - On the **Create Policy** page, give the policy a name, specify the schema details, add the user, and assign the Read permission.

Related Concepts

[List of required configuration parameters for the ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow](#)

List of required configuration parameters for the ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow

When deploying the ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow, you have to provide the following parameters. Use the information you collected in *Prerequisites*.

| ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow configuration parameters | |
|---|--|
| Parameter Name | Description |
| CDP Workload User | Specify the CDP machine user or workload user name that you want to use to authenticate to Kafka. Ensure this user has the appropriate access rights to the destination Kafka topic. |
| CDP Workload User Password | Specify the password of the CDP machine user or workload user you are using to authenticate against Kafka. |

| ListenHTTP filter to Kafka ReadyFlow configuration parameters | |
|---|--|
| Parameter Name | Description |
| CSV Delimiter | If your source data is CSV, specify the delimiter here. |
| Data Input Format | Specify the format of your input data. You can use "CSV", "JSON", or "AVRO" with this ReadyFlow. |
| Data Output Format | Specify the desired format for your output data. You can use "CSV", "JSON" or "AVRO" with this ReadyFlow. |
| Filter Rule | Specify the filter rule expressed in SQL to filter streaming events for the destination topic. Records matching the filter will be written to the destination topic. The default value forwards all records. |
| Kafka Broker Endpoint | Specify the Kafka bootstrap servers string as a comma separated list. |
| Kafka Destination Topic | Specify the destination topic name. |
| Kafka Producer ID | Specify the id for the Kafka producer writing into the destination topic. |
| Listening Port | Specify the port to listen on for incoming connections. |
| Schema Name | Specify the schema name to be looked up in the Schema Registry. |
| Schema Registry Hostname | Specify the hostname of the Schema Registry you want to connect to. This must be the direct hostname of the Schema Registry itself, not the Knox Endpoint. |

Related Concepts

[Prerequisites](#)

Related Information

[Deploying a ReadyFlow](#)