

Applications

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Analytical Applications

This topic describes how to use a Cloudera AI Workbench to create long-running web applications.

About this task:

This feature gives data scientists a way to create Cloudera AI web applications/dashboards and easily share them with other business stakeholders. Applications can range from single visualizations embedded in reports, to rich dashboard solutions such as Tableau. They can be interactive or non-interactive.

Applications stand alongside other existing forms of workloads in Cloudera AI (sessions, jobs, experiments, models). Like all other workloads, applications must be created within the scope of a project. Each application is launched within its own isolated engine. Additionally, like models, engines launched for applications do not time out automatically. They will run as long as the web application needs to be accessible by any users and must be stopped manually when needed.

Before you begin:

Testing applications before you deploy

Before you deploy an application using the steps described here, make sure your application has been thoroughly tested. You can use sessions to develop, test, and debug your applications. You can test web apps by embedding them in sessions as described here: [Web Applications Embedded in Sessions](#).

For Cloudera AI UI

1. Go to a project's **Overview** page.
2. Click Applications.
3. Click New Application.
4. Fill out the following fields.

- **Name:** Enter a name for the application.
- **Run Application as:** If the application is to run in a service account, select Service Account and choose the account from the dropdown menu.
- **Subdomain:** Enter a subdomain that will be used to construct the URL for the web application. For example, if you use test-app as the subdomain, the application will be accessible at test-app.<ml-workspace-domain-name>.

Subdomains should be valid DNS hostname characters: letters from a to z, digits from 0 to 9, and the hyphen.

- **Description:** Enter a description for the application.
- **Script:** Select a script that hosts a web application on either CDSW_READONLY_PORT or CDSW_APP_PORT. Applications running on either of these ports are available to any users with at least read access to the project. The Python template project includes an entry.py script that you can use to test this out.



Note: Cloudera AI does not prevent you from running an application that allows a read-only user (i.e. Viewers) to modify files belonging to the project. It is up to you to make the application truly read-only in terms of files, models, and other resources belonging to the project.

- **Engine Kernel and Resource Profile:** Select the kernel and computing resources needed for this application.
- **Set Environment Variables:** Click Set Environment Variables, enter the name and value for the new application variable, and click Add.

If there is a conflict between the project-level and application-level environment variables, the application-level environment variables override the project-level environment variables.

5. Click Create Application.

For Cloudera AI APIv2

To create an application using the API, refer to this example:

Here is an example of using the Application API.

```
application_request = cmlapi.CreateApplicationRequest(  
    name = "application_name",  
    description = "application_description",  
    project_id = project_id,  
    subdomain = "application-subdomain",  
    kernel = "python3",  
    script = "entry.py",  
    environment = {"KEY": "VAL"}  
)  
app = client.create_application(  
    project_id = project_id,  
    body = application_request  
)
```

Results:

In a few minutes, you should see the application status change to **Running** on the **Applications** page. Click on the name of the application to access the web application interface.

What to do next:

You can Stop, Restart, or Delete an application from the **Applications** page.

If you want to make changes to an existing application, click Overview under the application name. Then go to the Settings tab to make any changes and update the application.

Securing Applications

You can provide access to Applications via either the CDSW_APP_PORT or the CDSW_READONLY_PORT. Any user with read or higher permissions to the project is able to access an application served through either port.



Important: Cloudera on cloud allows customers to maintain full ownership and control of their data and workloads and is designed to operate in some of the most restricted public cloud environments. Since Cloudera on cloud runs in a customer's cloud account, Security and Compliance is a shared responsibility between Cloudera and its public cloud customers. For more information, see *Cloudera's Shared Responsibility Model*.

- Securing project resources

Cloudera AI applications are accessible by any user with read-only or higher permissions to the project. The creator of the application is responsible for managing the level of permissions the application users have on the project through the application. Cloudera AI does not actively prevent you from running an application that allows a read-only user (i.e. Viewers) to modify files belonging to the project.

- Public Applications

By default, authentication for applications is enforced on all ports and users cannot create public applications. If desired, the Admin user can allow users to create public applications that can be accessed by unauthenticated users.

To allow users to create public applications on an Cloudera AI Workbench:

1. As an Admin user, turn on the feature flag in Admin Security by selecting Allow applications to be configured with unauthenticated access.
2. When creating a new application, select Enable Unauthenticated Access.
3. For an existing application, in Settings select Enable Unauthenticated Access.

To prevent all users from creating public applications, go to Admin Security and deselect Allow applications to be configured with unauthenticated access. All existing public applications will immediately stop being publicly accessible.

- Transparent Authentication

Cloudera AI can pass user authentication information to an application, if the application expects an authenticated request. The REMOTE-USER and REMOTE-USER-PERM HTTP headers will be injected to the application hosted by the user.

For example:

```
Remote-user=<username>  
Remote-user-perm=<RO/RW/Unauthorized>
```

Related Information

[Cloudera's Shared Responsibility Model](#)

Limitations with Analytical Applications

This topic lists all the limitations associated with the Applications feature.

- Port availability

Cloudera AI exposes only 2 ports per workload. Therefore, you can run a maximum of 2 web applications simultaneously, on these ports:

- CDSW_APP_PORT
- CDSW_READONLY_PORT

By default, third-party browser-based editors run on CDSW_APP_PORT. Therefore, for projects that are already using browser-based editors, you are left with only one other port to run applications on: CDSW_READONLY_PORT.

Monitoring applications

You can monitor the CPU and memory usage of deployed applications.

To view the Monitoring Applications UI, in Applications, select the Monitoring Applications icon.

The Monitoring Applications UI provides the following information to help you monitor application health. The information is shown both as an instantaneous value and as a time series.

- CPU Usage: Shows the cpu usage as a percentage of total available CPU resources, and as amount of vCPU.
- Memory Usage: Shows the memory usage as a percentage of total available memory, and as amount of memory.

You can also select to view a specific application or all applications, and also select the time period to view.