

Cloudera Runtime 7.3.1

Atlas Ozone

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CLOUDERA

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About Apache Ozone integration with Apache Atlas

When you integrate Ozone with Apache Atlas, entities like Apache Hive, Spark processes, and NiFi flows, when created with Ozone path, results in Atlas creating Ozone path entities.

Integration supports the Ozone location of Ozone-backed Hive set-up. The event which triggers an Ozone entity to be created in Atlas is a DDL query in Hive which is backed by Apache Ozone.

To learn more about Apache Ozone, see [Apache Ozone documentation](#).

Currently, integrating Atlas with Ozone enables creation of specific Ozone entities in Atlas. Apache Ozone is an object store for Hadoop Data Lake Workloads, similar to HDFS, Microsoft ABFS, and Amazon S3.

Ozone provides three main abstractions:

- **Volumes:** Volumes are similar to a home directory. Volumes are used to store buckets. Only administrators can create or delete volumes. Once a volume is created, users can create as many buckets as needed.
- **Buckets:** Buckets are similar to directories. A bucket can contain any number of keys, but buckets cannot contain other buckets. Ozone stores data as keys which live inside these buckets.
- **Keys:** Keys are similar to files.

Previously, in Atlas for Cloudera, Hive entities created with Ozone path resulted in the creation of HDFS path entities.

When a Hive external entity was created with a Ozone path, for example: ofs://ozone1/volume1/bucket1/file. It results in file creation at the HDFS path in Atlas.

**Note:**

Before Cloudera on premises version 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3, OFS paths could not be parsed by Ranger TagSync, hence tag based policies cannot be used with Atlas for tables with OFS keys.

If you are already using existing Ozone keys (either OFS or O3FS) which are already tagged and have tag based policies defined before upgrading to 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3 or later versions (except version 7.3.1), retag these keys in Atlas after upgrading (Delete the tags and reapply them).

For more information, see [What's new in Cloudera Runtime 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3](#).

How Integration works

This integration mechanism does not provide a direct Atlas Hook or Atlas Bridge option for Ozone to listen to the entity events in Ozone.

Because Atlas does not have the direct hook and Hive only provides path information, Atlas populates only a few attributes for Ozone entities.

Consider an example use case to create an external table with an Ozone path that results in creating an Ozone path entity directly in Atlas. In the example, the name of the Hive database is “oz_demo”.

Using the cluster interface, run the following command:

```
$ CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE sales (id int, name string) row format delimited fields terminated by ' ' stored as textfile location 'ofs://ozone1/volume1/bucket1/table_oz_demo1';
```

**Note:**

Before Cloudera on premises version 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3, OFS paths could not be parsed by Ranger TagSync, hence tag based policies cannot be used with Atlas for tables with OFS keys.

If you are already using existing Ozone keys (either OFS or O3FS) which are already tagged and have tag based policies defined before upgrading to 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3 or later versions (except version 7.3.1), retag these keys in Atlas after upgrading (Delete the tags and reapply them).

For more information, see [What's new in Cloudera Runtime 7.1.9 SP1 CHF3](#).

Once the query is executed, a table named “table_oz_demo1” is created in Atlas Web UI.

oz_demo (hive_db)

Classifications: +

Terms: +

Properties Relationships Classifications Audits **Tables**

Exclude sub-types Exclude sub-classifications Show historical entities

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Owners	Description	Type	Classifications	Term
<input type="checkbox"/>	table_oz_demo_1	hive		hive_table	+	+

Open the External table (table_oz_demo1) and select the Lineage tab to display the path from where the table was created in Atlas.

table_oz_demo_1 (hive_table)

Classifications: +

Terms: +

Properties **Lineage** Relationships Classifications Audits Schema

Current Entity In Progress Lineage Impact

table_oz_demo_1 oz_demo.table_oz_... table_oz_demo_1

Select the Ozone key (table_oz_demo_1) to view the information in the slider window.

table_oz_demo_1 (hive_table)

Classifications: 

Terms: 

Properties | **Lineage** | Relationships | Classifications | Audits | Schema

 Current Entity  In Progress  Lineage  Impact

table_oz_demo_1 oz_demo.table_oz_...

The diagram illustrates data lineage. On the left, a blue hexagonal icon with a white key symbol represents the source entity, labeled 'table_oz_demo_1'. A yellow arrow points from this icon to a green hexagonal icon with a white gear symbol, representing the target entity, labeled 'oz_demo.table_oz_...'. A hand cursor is positioned over the source icon.

The slider displays the typeName as the Ozone key.

The screenshot displays the Cloudera Atlas interface for the entity `table_oz_demo_1 (hive_table)`. The `Lineage` tab is active, showing a lineage path from `Current Entity` to `In Progress` to `Lineage` to `Impact`. A table titled `ozone_key` is open, showing the following data:

Key	Value
guid	de8dfa82-de53-4fec-8ca4-681189d31ac2
typeName	ozone_key
name	table_oz_demo_1
qualifiedName	o3fs://bucket1.volume1.ozone1/table_oz_demo_1@cm
status	ACTIVE
classifications	N/A

The lineage diagram shows a yellow arrow pointing from the `ozone_key` entity (represented by a green gear icon) to the `table_oz_demo_1` entity (represented by a blue grid icon). The path is labeled `oz_demo.table_oz_...` and `table_oz_demo_1`.

The Ozone Key refers to the Ozone path entity. The Ozone Key here is under “bucket1”.

How Ozone integration is set up

The following image provides an insight into the Atlas-Ozone integration mechanism.

```
{  
  "name": "ozone_volume",  
  "superTypes": [  
    "DataSet"  
  ],  
  ...  
}  
  
{  
  "name": "ozone_bucket",  
  "superTypes": [  
    "DataSet",  
    "ozone_parent"  
  ],  
  ...  
}  
  
{  
  "name": "ozone_key",  
  "superTypes": [  
    "DataSet",  
    "ozone_parent",  
    "ozone_child"  
  ],  
  ...  
}
```

